DRAFT #10 May 13, 2025

Consolidated Financial Statements of

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the consolidated statement of operations for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of change in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated change in net financial assets, its consolidated remeasurement gains and losses, and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
 planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
 deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the
 financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an
 opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and
 review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan,	Canada	

DRAFT Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Water and sewer billings receivable Accounts receivable	\$ 127,439,291 99,849,055 28,411,870 57,591,074	77,588,580 27,856,203
Other assets Investments (note 3) Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations (note 4)	45,334 1,111,417,683 559,994,015	932,460,377 651,125,611
Financial Liabilities	1,984,748,322	1,884,279,251
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest on long-term liabilities Employee future benefits (note 5) Deposits and deferred revenue (note 6(a)) Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 6(b)) Debenture and other debt (note 7) Note payable (note 8) Asset retirement obligation (note 10) Liability for contaminated sites (note 11)	179,671,502 127,737 197,276,172 45,479,981 767,320,263 96,565,181 3,303,523 8,050,510 1,584,000	23,970 192,516,412 51,281,029 743,625,675 104,726,989 3,303,523 8,128,223 1,584,000
Net financial assets Non-Financial Assets	685,369,453	618,524,118
Tangible capital assets (note 9) Prepaid expenses	10,746,544,519 4,307,597 10,750,852,116	1,313,962
Contractual rights (note 17) Commitments (note 18) Contingencies (note 19)		
	\$ 11,436,221,569	\$ 10,953,317,451
Accumulated surplus (note 12) Accumulated remeasurement gains	\$ 11,435,002,569 1,219,000	\$ 10,953,271,201 46,250
	\$ 11,436,221,569	\$ 10,953,317,451

DRAFT Consolidated Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		Budget		2024		2023
		(note 15)				
Revenue (note 14):						
Property taxation	\$	241,344,322	\$	243,701,658	\$	231,082,740
Taxation from other governments	,	1,300,000	,	1,322,972	•	1,313,364
Municipal accommodation tax		3,859,000		3,830,784		3,729,360
User charges		71,450,753		79,712,324		68,647,219
Water and sewer billings		200,049,413		200,404,221		192,825,790
Government transfers (note 13)		16,761,460		34,525,387		25,622,892
Investment income		3,918,079		31,232,112		25,904,011
Penalties and interest on taxes		7,500,000		11,605,277		9,761,808
Other fees and services		399,186		14,814,207		22,272,501
Contributions from developers		102,350,207		115,310,137		195,216,570
Contributed assets (note 9(b))		_		338,413,401		338,738,068
Hydro Vaughan Corporations (note 4):						
Share of net earnings		15,450,000		35,971,397		30,798,836
Interest on notes receivable		_		1,417,899		3,450,220
		664,382,420		1,112,261,776		1,149,363,379
Expenses (note 14):						
General government		46,960,910		51,167,709		47,916,942
Protection to persons and property		100,236,736		102,570,094		100,244,334
Transportation services		148,970,231		72,359,513		70,549,110
Environmental services		243,275,222		239,691,290		229,772,355
Health services		481,718		730,672		351,633
Social and family services		365,201		140,714		140,781
Recreation and cultural services		164,928,954		131,554,132		125,947,459
Planning and development		30,228,363		32,316,284		27,625,517
		735,447,335		630,530,408		602,548,131
Annual surplus (deficit)		(71,064,915))	481,731,368		546,815,248
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	1	10,953,271,201		10,953,271,201		10,406,455,953
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 1	10,882,206,286	\$	11,435,002,569	\$	10,953,271,201

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	2024	2023
	(note 15)		
Annual surplus (deficit) \$	(71,064,915)	\$ 481,731,368	\$ 546,815,248
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	89,214,646	84,220,454
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	157,668	891,084
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	1,077,563	383,075
Contributed tangible capital assets	_	(338,413,401)	(338,738,068)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	=	(165,101,624)	(305,893,756)
	(71,064,915)	68,666,220	(12,321,963)
Change in prepaid expenses	_	(2,993,635)	3,537,660
	(71,064,915)	65,672,585	(8,784,303)
Increase in accumulated remeasurement gains	-	1,172,750	46,250
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(71,064,915)	66,845,335	(8,738,053)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	618,524,118	618,524,118	627,262,171
Net financial assets, end of year \$	547,459,203	\$ 685,369,453	\$ 618,524,118

DRAFT Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 46,250	\$ _
Unrealized gain attributable to: Long-term investment, structured note, designated to fair value category (note 3)	762,750	251,250
Share of other comprehensive gain (loss) from investment in government business enterprise (note 4)	410,000	(205,000)
Accumulated remeasurement gains, end of year	\$ 1,219,000	\$ 46,250

DRAFT Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities:			
Annual surplus	\$	481,731,368	\$ 546,815,248
Items not involving cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets		89,214,646	84,220,454
Accretion expense (note 10)		2,717	74,708
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		1,077,563	383,075
Contributed tangible capital assets		(338,413,401)	(338,738,068)
Share of net earnings of Hydro Vaughan Corporations Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:		(35,971,397)	(30,798,836)
(Increase) in taxes receivable		(22,260,475)	(6,644,213)
(Increase) in water and sewer billings receivable		(555,667)	(2,182,675)
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(2,026,512)	(20,948,198)
(Increase) decrease in other assets		(45,334)	35,355
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		19,106,190	12,332,997
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest on long-term liabilities		103,767	(12,662)
Increase in employee future benefits		4,759,760	14,861,357
(Decrease) increase in deposits and deferred revenue Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue -		(5,801,048)	8,179,098
obligatory reserve funds		23,694,588	(87,655,669)
(Decrease) increase in asset retirement obligation liabilities		(80,430)	8,053,515
Contaminated sites liability		_	1,584,000
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(2,993,635)	3,537,660
		211,542,700	193,097,146
Capital activities:			
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		157,668	891,084
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(165,101,624)	(305,893,756)
		(164,943,956)	(305,002,672)
Financing activities:			
Debenture and other debt repaid		(8,161,808)	(4,113,213)
Debenture and other debt issued		_	45,488,951
		(8,161,808)	41,375,738
and the second s			
Investing activities:			(65,364,601)
(Increase) in investments, net		(178,194,556)	(,,,
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable		79,105,930	
(Increase) in investments, net		79,105,930 48,407,063	- 13,313,896
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable		79,105,930	_
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable		79,105,930 48,407,063	13,313,896 (52,050,705)
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable Dividend and return of capital from Hydro Vaughan Corporations		79,105,930 48,407,063 (50,681,563)	13,313,896 (52,050,705)
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable Dividend and return of capital from Hydro Vaughan Corporations Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,105,930 48,407,063 (50,681,563) (12,244,627)	\$ 13,313,896 (52,050,705) (122,580,493)
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable Dividend and return of capital from Hydro Vaughan Corporations Decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	79,105,930 48,407,063 (50,681,563) (12,244,627) 139,683,918	\$ 13,313,896 (52,050,705) (122,580,493) 262,264,411
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable Dividend and return of capital from Hydro Vaughan Corporations Decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Supplemental cash flow information:	·	79,105,930 48,407,063 (50,681,563) (12,244,627) 139,683,918 127,439,291	13,313,896 (52,050,705) (122,580,493) 262,264,411 139,683,918
(Increase) in investments, net Repayment of Alectra Inc. unsecured note receivable Dividend and return of capital from Hydro Vaughan Corporations Decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	79,105,930 48,407,063 (50,681,563) (12,244,627) 139,683,918	\$ 13,313,896 (52,050,705) (122,580,493) 262,264,411

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

The Corporation of the City of Vaughan (the "City" or "City of Vaughan") is a lower-tier municipality located in the Regional Municipality of York, Province of Ontario, Canada. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes, such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and related legislation.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements of the City of Vaughan are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant accounting policies adopted by the City are as follows:

(a) Basis of consolidation:

(i) Consolidated entities:

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and accumulated surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity comprises all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the City and which are owned or controlled by the City, except for the City's government business enterprises, which are accounted for on the modified equity basis of accounting.

The consolidated financial statements include:

- The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Public Library Board;
- Board of Management for the Kleinburg Business Improvement Area; and
- Tourism Vaughan Corporation.

Interdepartmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these entities have been eliminated upon consolidation.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(ii) Investments in government business enterprises:

The City's investments in Vaughan Holdings Inc., Hydro Vaughan Energy Corporation, 1446631 Ontario Inc. and Alectra Inc. ("Alectra"), collectively referred to as "Hydro Vaughan Corporations", are accounted for on a modified equity basis, consistent with the generally accepted accounting treatment for government business enterprises. Under the modified equity basis, the business enterprise's accounting principles are not adjusted to conform with those of the City, and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. The City recognizes its equity interest in the annual income or loss of the Hydro Vaughan Corporations in its consolidated statement of operations, its share of the Hydro Vaughan Corporations' other comprehensive income (loss) in the City's consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses, with a corresponding increase or decrease in its investment asset account. Any dividends that the City receives from the Hydro Vaughan Corporations are reflected as reductions in the investment asset account.

(iii) Accounting for Regional Municipality of York (the "Region" or "Region of York") and school board transactions:

The taxation, other revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the Region and the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements. Information on amounts collected and remitted to the Region and the school boards is provided in note 2.

(iv) Trust funds:

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the City are not included in these consolidated financial statements. Information on trust funds balances is provided in note 16.

(b) Basis of accounting:

The City follows the accrual method of accounting for revenue and expenses. Revenue is normally recognized in the year in which it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The annual cost of owning and using tangible capital assets (estimated amortization) is deducted from annual results. That is, a portion of the cost of the asset is recognized in annual results in each of the years of its useful life.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits in banks, certificates of deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost with write down to market when there is a decrease in value.

(d) Investments:

Investments are recorded at cost, amortized cost, or fair value. Investment earnings are accounted for on the accrual basis. Premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the investment. When there has been a loss of value that is other than a temporary decline in value, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss in the consolidated statement of operations.

(e) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as revenue in the year in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

(f) Deposits and deferred revenue:

Deposits and deferred revenue represent user fees and charges that have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the services are performed.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds:

The City receives development charge contributions and payments in lieu of parkland under the authority of provincial legislation and City bylaws. The City also receives federal gas tax revenue and other transfer payment from other levels of governments. These funds, by their nature, are restricted in their use and, until applied to applicable capital works, are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying capital projects are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are incurred for the purpose for which they were collected.

(h) Pension, vacation entitlements and employee benefits:

The City accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan. The City does not recognize any share of the pension plan deficit based on the fair market value of OMERS assets, as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees.

Vacation entitlements are accrued for as the entitlements are earned.

Other post-employment benefits and compensated absences are accrued in accordance with the projected benefit method prorated on service and management's best estimate of salary escalation and retirement ages of employees. Actuarial valuations, where necessary for accounting purposes, are performed triennially. The discount rate used to determine the accrued benefit obligation is determined by reference to the market interest rates at the measurement date on high-quality debt instruments with cash flows that match the timing and amount of expected benefit payments. Unamortized actuarial gains or losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee groups.

Unamortized actuarial gains/losses for event-triggered liabilities, such as those determined as claims related to the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ("WSIB"), are recognized immediately.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Costs related to prior year employee services arising out of plan amendments are recognized in the year in which the plan is amended. Where applicable, the City has set aside reserve funds intended to fund these obligations either in full or in part. These reserve funds were created under municipal by-law and do not meet the definition of a plan asset under Public Sector ("PS") 3250, Retirement Benefits. Therefore, for the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, the plans are considered unfunded.

A full actuarial valuation of the post-retirement non-pension benefit obligation and the WSIB obligation was completed as at January 1, 2023 for 2023, 2024 and 2025 in accordance with the financial reporting guidelines established by PSAB.

Also, a full actuarial valuation of the non-vested sick leave benefits was completed as at April 19, 2024 for 2021 to 2025 in accordance with the financial reporting guidelines established by PSAB.

(i) Taxation and related revenue:

Property tax bills are prepared by the City based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation. Tax rates are established annually by City Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services, the requisition made by the Region in respect of regional services and amounts the City is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes.

The assessment process includes the issuance of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the City determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Taxation revenue and taxes receivable are recognized when they meet the definition of an asset, the tax is authorized and a taxable event has occurred. Property assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Tax adjustments as a result of appeals are recorded when the result of the appeal process is known.

The City is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. This revenue is recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(j) Municipal accommodation tax:

Municipal accommodation tax revenue is recognized in the year that the tax is levied on accommodation charges by accommodation providers.

(k) Investment income:

Investment income earned on surplus funds is reported as revenue in the year earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue - obligatory reserve fund balances.

(I) Asset retirement obligations:

An asset retirement obligation is recognized when, as at the financial reporting date, all the following criteria are met under PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The City recognized the liability for the removal of asbestos in several City owned buildings, the decommissioning of underground fuel tanks, post closure landfill monitoring costs and costs associated with removal of leasehold improvements upon termination of lease agreements.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The estimate of the asset retirement costs include costs directly attributable to the asset retirement activities and are recorded as a liability and an increase to the related tangible capital assets. Where an asset is not recognized on the consolidated statement of financial position or is not in productive use, the estimated asset retirement costs are expensed. The amount capitalized in tangible capital assets is amortized based on the estimated remaining useful life of the related assets.

The carrying value of the liability is reconsidered at each financial reporting date with changes to the timing or amount of original estimate of cash flows recorded as an adjustment to the asset retirement obligation and tangible capital assets. Actual costs incurred are charged against the asset retirement obligation to the extent of the liability recorded. Differences between the actual costs incurred and the liability are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations when remediation is complete. The asset retirement obligation information is provided in note 10.

(m) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

(i) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	2 - 100 years
Buildings and facilities	5 - 85 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 35 years
Vehicles	7 - 20 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 - 15 years
Information technology	2 - 6 years
Leasehold improvements	5 - 50 years
Roads infrastructure	2 - 75 years
Water and sewer infrastructure	20 - 95 years
Buildings under capital lease	5 - 85 years

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Annual amortization is charged in the year that the asset is available for productive use and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and are also recorded as revenue.

(iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets:

The City manages and controls various works of art and non-operational historical cultural assets including buildings, artifacts, paintings and sculptures located at City sites and public display areas. These assets are not recorded as tangible capital assets and are not amortized.

(iv) Interest capitalization:

The City capitalizes interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of a tangible capital asset.

(v) Leased tangible capital assets:

Leases, which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property, are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(n) Assets:

The assets standard provides additional guidance on the definition of assets and what is meant by economic resources, control, past transactions and events from which future economic benefits are to be obtained. For the year ended December 31, 2024, all material assets have been disclosed and reported within this definition.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(o) Contingent assets:

PS 3320, Contingent Assets, requires disclosure of possible assets arising from existing conditions or situations involving uncertainty which will be ultimately resolved when one or more future events occur that are not wholly within the government's control, and when the occurrence of a confirming future event is likely.

(p) Contractual rights:

PS 3380, Contractual Rights, requires disclosure of information pertaining to future rights to economic resources arising from contracts or agreements that will result in both an asset and revenues in the future. Note 17 provides disclosure regarding the nature, extent and timing of contractual rights.

(q) Related party disclosures:

PS 2200, Related Party Disclosures, requires disclosure of related party transactions when one party has the ability to exercise control or shared control over the other. Related parties include key management personnel, their close family members and the entities they control or have shared control over. Related party transactions are disclosed if they occurred at a value different from that which would have been arrived at if parties were unrelated and the transaction has a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

There were no material related party transactions to disclose for the year ended December 31, 2024.

(r) Inter-entity transactions:

PS 3420, Inter-Entity Transactions, requires disclosure of transactions between public sector entities that comprise a government's reporting entity from both a provider and recipient perspective. All City transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, being the amount agreed to by both parties.

There were no material inter-entity transactions to disclose for the year ended December 31, 2024.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(s) Financial instruments:

Under PS 3450, the City's financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently recorded at fair value or amortized cost.

Financial instrument assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, taxes receivable, water and sewer billings receivable, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, debenture and other debt, and note payable. The carrying values of all financial instruments, other than investments, debenture and other debt, and note payable, approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

All financial instrument assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial instrument assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the consolidated statement of operations.

The City classifies its financial instrument assets and liabilities at cost and subsequently carries at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial instrument assets, unless the City designated a financial instrument to be carried at fair value. The financial instruments information is provided in note 20.

Unrealized changes in fair value of financial instruments designated to be carried at fair value are recognized in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, at which time they are transferred to the consolidated statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

(t) Derivative financial instruments:

Derivative and equity instruments are recorded at the fair value as an asset or liability based on the quoted market prices, with changes in fair value, if any, recorded in the consolidated statement of operations.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(u) Segment disclosures:

The City adopted PS 2700, Segment Disclosures. A segment is defined as a distinguishable activity or group of activities of a government for which it is appropriate to separately report financial information to achieve the objectives of the standard. The City disclosed the segmented financial information in note 14.

(v) Contaminated sites:

Contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. A liability for contaminated sites is recognized when a site is not in productive use and sites in productive use where an unexpected event resulted in contamination and the following criteria are met:

- An environmental standard exists;
- · Contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- The City is directly responsible or accepts responsibility;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability is recognized as management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring that are an integral part of the remediation strategy for a contaminated site. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. Information on the contaminated site is provided on note 11.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(w) Use of estimates:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant estimates include assumptions used in estimating the carrying values of taxes receivable and accounts receivable, provisions for accrued liabilities, liability for contaminated sites and in performing actuarial valuations of employee future benefits. The City's implementation of PS 3150, Tangible Capital Assets, requires management to make estimates of historical cost and useful lives of tangible capital assets. In addition, the City's implementation of PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations, requires management to make estimates regarding the useful lives of affected tangible capital assets and the expected retirement costs, and the timing of these retirement costs. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(x) Presentation of budget information:

The 2024 budget figures, as presented in these consolidated financial statements, consist of the operating, capital and water, wastewater and stormwater budgets as approved by City Council.

(y) Future accounting pronouncements:

This standard was not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2024, and has therefore not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standard update on the future consolidated financial statements.

These standards and amendments were not effective for the year ended December 31, 2024, and have therefore not been applied to these consolidated financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standards updates on the future consolidated financial statements.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (i) PS 1202, Financial Statement Presentation, was approved in March 2023. This standard supersedes PS 1201, Financial Statement Presentation, and covers a new conceptual framework and reporting model. Prior period amounts would need to be restated to conform to the presentation requirements for comparative financial information. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 (the City's December 31, 2027 year-end).
- (ii) PS 3251, Employee Benefits will replace PS 3250, Retirement Benefits and PS 3255, Post-employment Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits. The proposed standard is currently undergoing discussions where further changes are expected as a result of the re-exposure comments. Effective date is currently not determined.
- (z) Adoption of new accounting standards:
 - (i) PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships ("P3s"):

On January 1, 2024, the City adopted PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships prospectively. The new standard requires recognition and disclosure of transactions in which public sector entities procure major infrastructure assets and/or services from private sector entities arising from P3 arrangements. There were no transactions to disclose for the year ended December 31, 2024.

(ii) PS 3400, Revenue:

The standard establishes a single framework to categorize revenues to enhance the consistency of revenue recognition and its measurement. On January 1, 2024, the City adopted the standard.

(iii) Public Sector Guideline 8, Purchased Intangibles:

The guideline allows public sector entities to recognize intangibles purchased through an exchange transaction. On January 1, 2024, the City adopted the guideline. There were no intangibles transactions to recognize as of December 31, 2024.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

2. Operations of school boards and the Region of York:

During 2024, requisitions were made by the district school boards and the Region of York requiring the City to collect property taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on their behalf. The amounts collected and remitted are not recorded in these consolidated financial statements and are summarized below:

	District school boards	The Region
Property taxes, net of adjustments and write offs Taxation from other governments	\$ 328,423,902 616,034	\$ 441,752,921 1,140,653
Amounts requisitioned and remitted	\$ 329,039,936	\$ 442,893,574

3. Investments:

Included in investments are:

- (a) short-term investments of \$932,500,000 (2023 \$847,500,000), comprising guaranteed investment certificates with average portfolio weighted maturity greater than three months, and under one year.
- (b) long-term investments of \$170,403,683 (2023 \$77,209,127), comprising government and corporate bonds with maturities that are greater than one year
- (c) long-term investment in a structured note carried at fair value of \$8,514,000 (2023 \$7,751,250).

Short-term investments have yields varying from 3.47% to 6.55% (2023 - 4.91% to 6.70%) with maturities ranging from January 9, 2025 to December 2, 2026 (2023 - January 15, 2024 to December 8, 2025).

Long-term investments have yields varying from 2.06% to 4.60% (2023 - 2.06% to 2.55%) with maturity dates from June 2, 2025 to June 2, 2037 (2023 - June 2, 2025 to December 15, 2025). Market value of investments costing \$170,403,683 (2023 - \$77,209,127) is \$170,916,646 (2023 - \$76,923,059) at December 31, 2024.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Investments (continued):

The City also has a long-term investment in a financial institution structured note. Market value of the note costing \$7,500,000 (2023 - \$7,500,000) is \$8,514,000 (2023 - \$7,751,250) at December 31, 2024. The change in unrealized gain of \$762,750 (2023 - gain of \$251,250) is reported in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

4. Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations:

The City has incorporated corporations under the provisions of the Ontario Business Corporations Act. The corporations are collectively referred to as Hydro Vaughan Corporations.

The City of Vaughan's ownership of the Hydro Vaughan Corporations is as follows:

	Interest held		
	2024	2023	
Vaughan Holdings Inc. (including 100% ownership of Hydro Vaughan Energy Corporation and 20.5% (2023 - 20.5%) share interest in Alectra) 1446631 Ontario Inc.	100% 100%	100% 100%	

The shareholder ownership structure of Alectra is as follows:

Shareholder	Interest held
Parria Hydra Haldinga Ina	8.4%
Barrie Hydro Holdings Inc. Enersource Corporation	29.6%
Hamilton Utilities Corporation	17.3%
Markham Enterprises Corporation	15.0%
St. Catharines Hydro Inc.	4.6%
Vaughan Holdings Inc.	20.5%
Guelph Municipal Holdings Inc.	4.6%

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations (continued):

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information in respect of the City's investment accounted for on a modified equity basis in Hydro Vaughan Corporations.

Financial position	2024	2023
Assets		
Current	\$ 2,163,278	\$ 33,128,447
Investments Other	558,444,537 97,791	620,201,967 183,288
Other	97,791	103,200
Total assets	\$ 560,705,606	\$ 653,513,702
Liabilities		
Current	\$ 711,591	\$ 2,388,091
Total liabilities	711,591	2,388,091
Shareholder's equity		
Share capital	196,859,951	196,859,952
Retained earnings and contributed surplus	363,134,064	454,265,659
Total shareholder's equity	559,994,015	651,125,611
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 560,705,606	\$ 653,513,702
Results of operations:		
	2024	2023
Revenue Expenses	\$ 36,621,548 650,151	\$ 31,180,726 381,890
Net income	\$ 35,971,397	\$ 30,798,836
Share of other comprehensive gain (loss)	\$ 410,000	\$ (205,000)

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations (continued):

A summary of the City's investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations is as follows:

	2024	2023
Equity Notes receivable Accrued interest on notes receivable	\$ 554,097,275 5,896,740 —	\$ 566,122,941 84,133,025 869,645
Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations	\$ 559,994,015	\$ 651,125,611

A summary of the change in the City's investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations is as follows:

	2024	2023
Share of net earnings in Hydro Vaughan Corporations	\$ 35,971,397	\$ 30,798,836
Share of other comprehensive gain (loss) Repayment of Alectra unsecured note receivable	410,000 (79,105,930)	(205,000)
Return of capital	(1,000,543)	(1,022,294)
Dividend	(47,406,520)	(12,291,602)
Net change in investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations	(91,131,596)	17,279,940
Opening investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations	651,125,611	633,845,671
Closing investment in Hydro Vaughan	Ф. 550 004 045	Φ 054 405 044
Corporations	\$ 559,994,015	\$ 651,125,611

On May 31, 2024, the City received \$78,236,285 from Alectra on the unsecured note receivable. Alectra has also paid a total of \$869,645 accrued interest on the notes receivable in 2024.

The remaining \$5,896,740 portion of the notes receivable represents an amount due from Vaughan Holdings Inc. without interest and no specified terms of repayment.

The obligations of Hydro Vaughan Corporations for the notes payable to the City are subordinated to secured credit agreements of Alectra.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Employee future benefits:

The components of the liability for employee future benefits are as follows:

	2024	2023
Post-retirement non-pension benefits (d) Non-vested sick leave benefits (e) Vacation entitlements (c) WSIB (b)	\$ 165,468,706 12,277,068 11,852,598 7,677,800	\$ 160,188,787 12,459,392 12,647,733 7,220,500
	\$ 197,276,172	\$ 192,516,412

(a) Pension:

The City provides a pension plan for its employees through OMERS. OMERS is a multiemployer pension plan which provides pensions for employees of Ontario municipalities, local boards, public utilities and school boards. The plan is a defined benefit pension plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by employees based on the length of credited service and average earnings. No past service liability exists.

The City is current with all payments to OMERS. As at December 31, 2024, OMERS has a deficit of \$2.9 billion (2023 - \$4.2 billion). If actuarial surpluses are not available to offset the existing deficit and subsidize future contributions, increases in contributions will be required in the future. The date of the most recent filed actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the OMERS Primary Pension Plan was December 31, 2021. The next required filing of an actuarial valuation for funding purposes will be performed with a date no later than December 31, 2025.

Total OMERS contributions amounted to \$38,527,350 in 2024 (2023 - \$35,740,945), of which \$19,263,675 (2023 - \$17,870,473) represented the City's portion.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Employee future benefits (continued):

(b) Workplace safety and insurance obligations:

Under the provision of the WSIB, the City is a self-insured Schedule 2 employer.

An actuarial estimate of future liabilities has been completed and forms the basis for the estimated liability of \$7,677,800 (2023 - \$7,220,500) reported in these consolidated financial statements. The City established a WSIB reserve in 2004 to mitigate the future impact of these obligations. An insurance policy was secured for single claims up to \$1,000,000.

(c) Vacation entitlements:

Under the provisions of the City's management by-law and various union agreements, vacation pay is earned during the course of employment. The accumulated liability to be paid out in the future is \$11,852,598 (2023 - \$12,647,733).

(d) Post-retirement non-pension benefits:

The City pays certain health, dental and life insurance benefits on behalf of its retired employees. The City recognizes these post-retirement non-pension benefit costs in the period in which the employee renders the services.

The projected benefit liability for active employees and retirees at December 31, 2024 of \$165,468,706 (2023 - \$160,188,787) and the expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 of \$9,178,759 (2023 - \$8,880,962) was determined by actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 4.25% (2023 - 4.25%).

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Employee future benefits (continued):

Information about the City's defined benefit plan is as follows:

	2024	2023
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year Actuarial gain	\$ 135,599,723 _	\$ 155,817,858 (25,977,025)
Service cost	5,279,814	5,275,350
Interest cost	5,948,034	5,654,701
Benefits paid	(3,898,840)	(5,171,161)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	142,928,731	135,599,723
Unamortized actuarial gain	22,539,975	24,589,064
Accrued benefit liability	\$ 165,468,706	\$ 160,188,787

Components of benefit expense:

	2024	2023
Service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial gain	\$ 5,279,814 5,948,034 (2,049,089)	\$ 5,275,350 5,654,701 (2,049,089)
Benefit expense	\$ 9,178,759	\$ 8,880,962

The main actuarial assumptions employed with the valuation are as follows:

(i) Interest (discount) rate:

The rate used to discount future benefits in the City's 2024 actuarial study is assumed to be 4.25% (2023 - 4.25%) per annum reflecting Canadian Municipal bond yields and lending rates.

(ii) Salary levels:

Future general salary and wage levels are assumed to increase at a rate management believes fairly reflects inflation.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Employee future benefits (continued):

(iii) Medical costs and dental costs:

Medical and dental costs are assumed to increase at 4.20% from 2025 to 2028, 5.30% from 2029 to 2033, 5.00% from 2034 to 2038, 4.40% from 2039 to 2041, 4.00% from 2042 and thereafter.

(iv) Expected average remaining service life of the current active group is assumed to be 12 years.

(e) Non-vested sick leave benefits:

A full actuarial valuation of the non-vested sick leave benefits was completed for the 2021 to 2025 period in accordance with the financial reporting guidelines established by PSAB.

The projected non-vested sick leave liability for active employees at December 31, 2024 of \$12,277,068 and the expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 of \$757,341 was determined by actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 4.25%.

Information about the City's defined benefit plan is as follows:

	2024	2023
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year Adjustment recorded in the year Amortization of actuarial loss (gain) Service cost Interest cost Benefits paid	\$ 11,505,338 - - 368,093 484,653 (939,665)	\$ - 13,462,594 (1,666,749) 519,987 401,301 (1,211,795)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	11,418,419	11,505,338
Unamortized actuarial gain	858,649	954,054
Accrued benefit liability	\$ 12,277,068	\$ 12,459,392

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Employee future benefits (continued):

Components of non-vested sick leave benefits expense:

	2024	2023
Service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss	\$ 368,093 484,653 (95,405)	\$ 519,987 401,301 71,269
Benefit expense	\$ 757,341	\$ 992,557

The main actuarial assumptions employed with the valuation are as follows:

(i) Interest (discount) rate:

The rate used to discount future benefits in the City's 2024 actuarial study is assumed to be 4.25% (2023 - 4.25%) per annum reflecting Canadian Municipal bond yields and lending rates.

(ii) Salary levels:

Future general salary and wage levels are assumed to increase at a rate management believes fairly reflects inflation.

(iii) Expected average remaining service life of the current active group is assumed to be 10 years.

6. Deferred revenue:

(a) Deposits and deferred revenue:

Deposits and deferred revenue as at December 31, 2024 is \$45,479,981 (2023 - \$51,281,029) and is made up of development security deposits and unearned recreation and licensing revenue.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

6. Deferred revenue (continued):

(b) Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds:

Under PSAB accounting principles, obligatory reserve funds are to be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and, under certain circumstances, these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the City are summarized below:

	2024	2023
Recreational land (The Planning Act)	\$ 90,133,406	\$ 77,730,309
Development Charges Act	557,893,448	542,691,390
Sub-divider contributions	59,514,727	55,274,307
Federal gas tax	16,042,575	25,889,250
Building Standards Act	26,618,042	25,644,629
Ontario grants	1,528,357	1,527,966
Federal grants	15,589,708	14,867,824
	\$ 767,320,263	\$ 743,625,675

Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds continuity schedule:

	Opening balance	Received	Recognized as revenue	Interest allocated	Closing balance
Recreational land					
(The Planning Act)	\$ 77,730,309	10,931,170	\$ (1,481,491)	\$ 2,953,418 \$	90,133,406
Development Charges Act	542,691,390	108,798,837	(116,120,537)	22,523,758	557,893,448
Sub-divider contributions	55,274,307	4,373,076	(2,389,820)	2,257,164	59,514,727
Federal gas tax	25,889,250	10,309,701	(21,240,207)	1,083,831	16,042,575
Building Standards Act	25,644,629	1,888,264	(1,989,722)	1,074,871	26,618,042
Ontario grants	1,527,966	404	(13)	, , , <u> </u>	1,528,357
Federal grants	14,867,824	-	`-'	721,884	15,589,708
	\$ 743,625,675	136,301,452	\$ (143,221,790)	\$ 30,614,926 \$	767,320,263

In 2024, an internal payment of \$1,200,000 (2023 - \$1,200,000) was made to deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds, comprising \$676,858 (2023 - \$580,572) principal and \$523,142 (2023 - \$619,428) interest related to an internal loan. Only the interest allocation has been recorded in these consolidated financial statements in accordance with public sector accounting standards.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Debenture and other debt:

The balance of the municipal debt reported in the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:

	2024	2023
Debenture debt issued by the Region on the City's behalf: Serial debt Sinking fund	\$ 2,605,600 41,520,927	\$ 4,814,000 45,488,951
Debt payable to YMCA for construction of City Library and City Recreation Space in the Vaughan Metropolitan Centre	52,438,654	54,424,038
	\$ 96,565,181	\$ 104,726,989

Issuance of debenture is approved by by-law. Interest rates range from 2.19% to 4.45% and maturity dates range from September 2024 to December 2033. The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

In 2023, the City issued a sinking fund debenture through the Region of York in the amount of \$45,488,951 to fund various capital projects. Annual loan re-payments of \$5,992,283 including \$2,024,258 in interest and \$3,968,025 sinking fund contributions will begin in 2024 and conclude in 2033. It is estimated that a total of \$5,808,710 in interest will be earned on the sinking fund at maturity.

In 2017, the City entered into an agreement with the YMCA of Greater Toronto to be a funding partner for the construction of a YMCA, City Library and City Recreation Space in the Vaughan Metropolitan Centre. The YMCA entered into a financing agreement with Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation to obtain a construction loan for the project that converted to a term loan on July 29, 2022, which is secured by a general security agreement. The City is responsible for payment of all interest and principal in respect of its agreed upon share of the financed project costs and is the guarantor of the YMCA's obligations under the financing agreement.

As at December 31, 2024, the City's remaining share of the project financing costs is \$52,438,654 (2023 - \$54,424,038). The City paid a total of \$4,206,500 including interest of \$2,221,116 in 2024 to the YMCA for the City's portion of the term loan with Infrastructure Ontario (2023 - \$4,206,500, including interest of \$2,301,687).

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

7. Debenture and other debt (continued):

As at December 31, 2024, the balance of YMCA's debt to Infrastructure Ontario, which is guaranteed by the City, amounts to \$8,853,169 (2023 - \$9,188,359). The term loan is a non-revolving fixed rate loan bearing interest at 4.15% with principal and interest payments due over an amortization period of 20 years, maturing July 2042. The YMCA's obligations are in good standing and no loss has been recognized.

Principal payments in the amount of \$96,565,181, less interest earned on sinking funds are as follows:

	YMCA	Region	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ 2,069,362 2,156,893 2,248,127 2,343,219 2,442,334 41,178,719	\$ 5,270,824 5,270,824 3,968,024 3,968,024 3,968,024 21,680,807	\$ 7,340,186 7,427,717 6,216,151 6,311,243 6,410,358 62,859,526
Thoroand	\$ 52,438,654	\$ 44,126,527	\$ 96,565,181

Total charges for the year for net debenture and other debt were as follows:

		2023	
Principal payments Interest	\$	8,161,808 4,341,959	\$ 4,113,213 2,450,410
	\$	12,503,767	\$ 6,563,623

8. Note payable:

Effective November 1, 2000, the City issued a non-interest-bearing note payable with no fixed terms of repayment in the amount of \$3,303,523 to Hydro Vaughan Energy Corporation, for the book value of the capital assets less the net long-term debt related thereto retained by the City on the dissolution of Vaughan Hydro Commission.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

9. Tangible capital assets:

				Cost					Accumula	ted	amortization		Net book
		Balance,		Asset		Disposals	Balance,	Balance,			Disposals	Balance,	value,
		beginning of		retirement		and	end of	beginning of			and	end of	December 31,
2024		year	Acquisitions	obligation	а	djustments	year	year	Amortization		adjustments	year	2024
				(note 10)									
Land	\$	7,502,904,804	\$ 285,997,739	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 7,788,902,543	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 7,788,902,543
Land improvements		254,576,972	6,201,117	_		(21,575)	260,756,514	123,526,107	7,639,972		8,064	131,174,143	129,582,371
Buildings and facilities		422,538,451	31,943,179	_		(59,558)	454,422,072	193,463,836	13,038,461		(28,456)	206,473,841	247,948,231
Machinery and equipment		54,147,415	4,692,528	_		(2,695,645)	56,144,298	30,738,706	4,005,922		(2,471,201)	32,273,427	23,870,871
Vehicles		39,461,437	5,405,784	_		(1,947,224)	42,919,997	27,065,938	2,403,976		(1,943,694)	27,526,220	15,393,777
Furniture and fixtures		16,327,985	856,972	_		306,278	17,491,235	10,473,327	1,030,351		82,268	11,585,946	5,905,289
Information technology		17,326,049	1,620,004	_		(1,594,907)	17,351,146	13,082,337	1,875,834		(1,594,907)	13,363,264	3,987,882
Leasehold improvements		27,403,101	_	_		(1,327,296)	26,075,805	3,523,009	659,396		(1,327,296)	2,855,109	23,220,696
Roads infrastructure		1,189,055,470	49,799,543	_		(584,317)	1,238,270,696	625,302,141	33,759,180		(395, 136)	658,666,185	579,604,511
Water and sewer infrastructure		1,936,413,788	54,391,171	_		(812,679)	1,989,992,280	508,862,229	23,822,520		(456,878)	532,227,871	1,457,764,409
Building under capital lease		47,972,670	_	_			47,972,670	1,468,551	979,034			2,447,585	45,525,085
Assets under construction		362,857,410	62,606,988	-		(625,544)	424,838,854	-	-		-	-	424,838,854
	\$ 1	11,870,985,552	\$ 503,515,025	\$ _	\$	(9,362,467)	\$ 12,365,138,110	\$ 1,537,506,181	\$ 89,214,646	\$	(8,127,236)	\$ 1,618,593,591	\$ 10,746,544,519

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

	Cost									Accumulated amortization								
		Balance,		Asset		Disposals		Balance,		Balance,				Disposals		Balance,		value,
		beginning of		retirement		and		end of		beginning of				and		end of		December 31,
2023		year	Acquisitions	obligation		adjustments		year		year		Amortization		adjustments		year		2023
				(note 10														_
Land	\$	7,113,439,200	\$ 389,498,176	\$ -	\$	(32,572)	\$	7,502,904,804	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,502,904,804
Land improvements		234,207,006	17,827,180	1,484,947		1,057,839		254,576,972		116,380,847		7,051,887		93,373		123,526,107		131,050,865
Buildings and facilities		413,955,175	8,462,728	831,468		(710,920)		422,538,451		181,710,783		12,389,059		(636,006)		193,463,836		229,074,615
Machinery and equipment		50,663,157	7,158,856	138,600		(3,813,198)		54,147,415		30,412,501		4,084,118		(3,757,913)		30,738,706		23,408,709
Vehicles		39,220,619	1,013,623	_		(772,805)		39,461,437		25,695,903		2,140,340		(770,305)		27,065,938		12,395,499
Furniture and fixtures		16,145,615	1,300,013	_		(1,117,643)		16,327,985		9,672,892		922,085		(121,650)		10,473,327		5,854,658
Information technology		15,126,827	2,199,222	_				17,326,049		11,450,876		1,631,461				13,082,337		4,243,712
Leasehold improvements		27,122,801	_	315,000		(34,700)		27,403,101		2,893,270		664,439		(34,700)		3,523,009		23,880,092
Roads infrastructure		1,157,256,789	32,033,147	_		(234,466)		1,189,055,470		593,539,447		31,986,116		(223,422)		625,302,141		563,753,329
Water and sewer infrastructure		1,889,063,829	48,869,011	_		(1,519,052)		1,936,413,788		487,616,051		22,371,915		(1,125,737)		508,862,229		1,427,551,559
Building under capital lease		47,972,670	_	_				47,972,670		489,517		979,034				1,468,551		46,504,119
Assets under construction		230,030,559	133,499,853	-		(673,002)		362,857,410		-		-		-		-		362,857,410
	\$	11,234,204,247	\$ 641,861,809	\$ 2,770,015	\$	(7,850,519)	\$	11,870,985,552	\$	1,459,862,087	\$	84,220,454	\$	(6,576,360)	\$	1,537,506,181	\$	10,333,479,371

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

(a) Assets under construction:

Assets under construction having a value of \$424,838,854 (2023 - \$362,857,410) have not been amortized. Amortization of these assets will commence when the asset is put into service.

Tangible capital assets transferred from assets under construction to other asset categories during the year is \$83,838,532 (2023 - \$51,254,367).

(b) Contributed tangible capital assets:

Contributed tangible capital assets have been recognized at fair market value at the date of contribution. The value of contributed assets received during the year is \$338,413,401 (2023 - \$338,738,068) comprising land and land improvements of \$288,382,727 (2023 - \$287,621,558), buildings and facilities of \$5,887,746 (2023 - nil), roads infrastructure of \$14,208,137 (2023 - \$18,126,294), and water and wastewater and stormwater infrastructure of \$29,934,791 (2023 - \$32,990,216).

(c) Tangible capital assets disclosed at nominal values:

Where an estimate of fair value could not be made, the tangible capital asset was recognized at a nominal value.

(d) Leased tangible capital assets:

The building under capital lease is the YMCA Centre of Community, library and recreation centre located in the Vaughan Metropolitan Centre's Mobility Hub. This building was co-developed by public and private investments, in service and open to the public on July 1, 2022. The useful life is over the term of the lease, which is 49 years.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

10. Asset retirement obligation:

The City's asset retirement obligation liability as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

2024	Beginning of year	Accretion	Re	Remediation/ monitoring		Balance, end of year
Landfill post-closure (a) Buildings facilities and	\$ 4,993,196	\$ _	\$	(80,430)	\$	4,912,766
land remediation (b)	2,319,027	2,717		_		2,321,744
Removal of leasehold improvement (c)	315,000	_		_		315,000
Retirement of other tangible capital asset (d)	362,400	_		_		362,400
Decommission of underground fuel tanks (e)	138,600	_		_		138,600
	\$ 8,128,223	\$ 2,717	\$	(80,430)	\$	8,050,510

- (a) Landfill post-closure The City has a landfill that is closed and expected to be monitored for approximately the next 61 years. An obligation for the monitoring costs at present value has been recorded using a discount factor of 4%.
- (b) Building facilities and land remediation The City owns and operates several buildings constructed prior to 1990 that are known to have asbestos. In 2023, the City recognized an estimated obligation of \$831,468 for the removal of asbestos upon retirement of the asset with a corresponding increase in buildings and facilities tangible capital assets. In addition, in 2023, the City recognized an estimated remediation obligation of \$1,484,947 on an acquired contaminated parcel of land, with a corresponding increase in land improvements tangible capital assets.
- (c) Removal of leasehold improvement The City has a five-year leased term at Tigi Court for Animal Services shelter facility operations. In 2023, the City estimated an obligation of \$315,000 associated with restoring the leased space to its original condition upon termination of the lease agreement, with a corresponding increase in leasehold improvements tangible capital assets.
- (d) Retirement of other tangible capital asset In 2023, the City recognized costs associated with retirement of non-productive assets and unrecognized tangible capital assets of \$362,400.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

10. Asset retirement obligation (continued):

(e) Decommission of underground fuel tanks - The City owns several underground fuel tanks which are currently in use. An obligation to decommission the tanks has been recognized in accordance with Ontario Regulation 213/01 Fuel Oil Regulation which requires removal at such time as they are deemed no longer in productive use, with a corresponding increase in machinery and equipment tangible capital assets.

11. Contaminated sites:

The City reports environmental liabilities related to the management and remediation of contaminated sites where the City is responsible or accepts responsibility for incurring costs. A contaminated site liability of \$1,584,000 (2023 - \$1,584,000) has been recorded based on an environmental assessment for the site where an assessment has been conducted. There are no expected recoveries.

The City's ongoing efforts to assess contaminated sites may result in additional environmental liabilities related to newly identified sites or changes in the assessments. Any changes to the City's liabilities for contaminated sites will be accrued in the year in which they are assessed as likely and reasonably estimable.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

12. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus (deficit) and reserves as follows:

	2024	2023
Surplus (deficit):		
Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ 10,746,544,519	\$ 10,333,479,371
Amounts to be recovered in future years:		
From future revenue	(163,919,722)	(171,262,695
From reserves and reserve funds on hand	(64,649,879)	(57,824,669
Investment in Hydro Vaughan Corporations		
(note 4)	559,994,015	651,125,611
Asset retirement obligation (note 10)	(8,050,510)	(8,128,223
Liability for contaminated sites (note 11)	(1,584,000)	(1,584,000
Other	(154,927,772)	(238,634,099
	10,913,406,651	10,507,171,296
Reserves set aside for specific purposes		
by City Council:		
Vehicle replacement	22,030,308	9,099,228
Fire equipment replacement	5,817,211	4,765,757
General working capital	50,544,038	14,476,610
Tax rate stabilization	14,881,348	13,854,214
Waterworks	68,106,819	64,063,790
State of good repair water	_	80,724
Wastewater (sanitary sewers)	109,676,902	97,395,179
Stormwater reserve	20,028,112	16,702,983
Keele Valley landfill	565,392	542,530
Heritage Fund	3,510,366	3,414,405
Vaughan Hospital	7,165,605	6,976,298
Employee benefits	64,649,879	57,824,669
Buildings	33,387,077	28,088,447
Roads infrastructure	6,098,638	7,390,220
Sale of public lands	9,978,652	9,552,355
Parks infrastructure	6,750,445	9,033,336
Winterization	6,123,161	5,875,558
Other	39,216,680	35,255,272
Debenture payments	11,926,276	14,094,154
Engineering	11,451,976	12,092,133
Planning	13,401,280	14,642,572
City Hall Funding	33,669	32,308
Expenditure reserve	1,089,248	298,292
Capital from taxation	16,381,836	20,595,121
	522,814,918	446,146,155
Less accumulated remeasurement gains	(1,219,000)	(46,250
	\$ 11,435,002,569	\$ 10,953,271,201

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

13. Government transfers:

The City recognizes the transfer of government funding as revenue in the year that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred. The government transfers reported on the consolidated statement of operations are:

	202	24	2023
Provincial grants:			
Protection services	\$ 286,8	35 \$	101,438
Transportation services	975,0		625,000
Environmental services	70,79		-
Recreation and cultural services	6,117,0		6,435,863
Planning and development	827,6		427,182
	8,277,3	93	7,589,483
Federal grants:			
General government	139,9	17	400,354
Transportation services	13,586,0	70	8,853,646
Environmental services	5,804,2		6,071,782
Recreation and cultural services	6,690,70		2,705,457
Planning and development	27,00		2,170
	26,247,9		18,033,409
	\$ 34,525,3	37 \$	25,622,892

14. Segmented financial information:

The City is a diversified municipal government that provides a wide range of services to its citizens and holds a significant investment in the Hydro Vaughan Corporations. For management reporting purposes, the City's operations and activities are organized functionally based on services provided.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

14. Segmented financial information (continued):

2024	General government	Protection to persons and property	Transportation services	Environmental services	Health, social and family services	Recreation and cultural services	Planning and development	Corporate transfers	Consolidated total
Revenue:									
Property and other taxation	39,116,713	\$ 36,453,839	\$ 25,716,872	\$ 85,187,283	\$ 309,694	\$ 46,754,887	\$ 11,485,342	\$ -	\$ 245,024,630
Municipal accommodation tax	_	_	_	-	_	_	3,830,784	_	3,830,784
User charges	6,842,911	26,761,840	967,810	2,022,620	229,497	24,700,328	18,187,318	_	79,712,324
Water and sewer billings	_	_	_	200,404,221	_	_	_	_	200,404,221
Government transfers	139,917	286,884	14,561,071	5,875,036	_	12,807,792	854,687	_	34,525,387
Investment income	4,986,019	4,646,596	3,278,006	10,858,414	39,475	5,959,621	1,463,981	_	31,232,112
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,852,713	1,726,590	1,218,047	4,034,786	14,668	2,214,485	543,988	_	11,605,277
Other fees and services	2,910,134	15,858	(3,103,293)	3,259,824	_	10,894,566	837,118	_	14,814,207
Contributions from developers	306,810	1,145,751	39,668,484	8,205,887	_	62,414,562	3,568,643	_	115,310,137
Contributed assets	_	_	273,635,035	37,553,556	_	27,224,810	_	_	338,413,401
Hydro Vaughan Corporations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	37,389,296	37,389,296
	56,155,217	71,037,358	355,942,032	357,401,627	593,334	192,971,051	40,771,861	37,389,296	1,112,261,776
Expenses (recoveries):									
Salaries and benefits	65,512,635	81,436,629	10,941,014	10,298,538	479,850	71,864,116	24,954,157	_	265,486,939
Goods and services	29,509,835	5,238,528	17,786,985	169,267,392	221,733	26,409,690	1,870,573	_	250,304,736
Long-term debt interest	2,221,116	_	2,120,843	_	_	_	_	_	4,341,959
Other	(4,263,554)	1,667,261	(147,425)	9,400,113	36,621	(541,213)	(1,359,881)	_	4,791,922
Corporate support allocation	3,989,762	11,105,973	3,640,105	24,734,552	95,421	12,060,510	3,268,583	(58,894,906)	_
Loss on disposal of tangible									
capital assets	476,786	(13,813)	(406,704)	360,479	_	660,815	_	_	1,077,563
Amortization of tangible capital assets	8,822,076	3,127,905	34,907,874	24,693,388	2,086	17,634,721	26,596	_	89,214,646
Accretion/monitoring expense	_	_	_	(77,713)	_	_	_	_	(77,713)
Other capital related	3,793,959	7,611	3,516,821	1,014,541	35,675	3,465,493	3,556,256	_	15,390,356
	110,062,615	102,570,094	72,359,513	239,691,290	871,386	131,554,132	32,316,284	(58,894,906)	630,530,408
Annual surplus (deficit)	(53,907,398)	\$ (31,532,736)	\$ 283,582,519	\$ 117,710,337	\$ (278,052)	\$ 61,416,919	\$ 8,455,577	\$ 96,284,202	\$ 481,731,368

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

14. Segmented financial information (continued):

2023	General government	Protection to persons and property	Transportation services	Environmental services	Health, social and family services	Recreation and cultural services	Planr a developm	and	Corporate transfers	Consolidated total
Revenue:										
Property and other taxation \$	36,926,400	\$ 35,329,299	\$ 24,863,754	\$ 80,979,099	\$ 173,542	\$ 44,387,898	\$ 9,736,	112	\$ -	\$ 232,396,104
Municipal accommodation tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,729,3	360	_	3,729,360
User charges	3,818,062	19,622,516	950,826	2,604,910	193,155	23,136,267	18,321,4	183	_	68,647,219
Water and sewer billings	_	_	_	192,825,790	_	_		_	_	192,825,790
Government transfers	400,354	101,438	9,478,646	6,071,782	_	9,141,320	429,3		_	25,622,892
Investment income	4,115,998	3,937,977	2,771,436	9,026,328	19,344	4,947,693	1,085,2		_	25,904,011
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,551,095	1,484,010	1,044,403	3,401,530	7,290	1,864,514	408,9		_	9,761,808
Other fees and services	5,130,689	6,561	3,475,480	53,202	_	9,968,735	3,637,8	334	_	22,272,501
Contributions from developers	361,091	(87,374)	37,613,727	_	_	155,700,486	1,628,6	640	_	195,216,570
Contributed assets	_	_	297,585,241	36,627,365	_	4,525,462		_	_	338,738,068
Hydro Vaughan Corporations	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	34,249,056	34,249,056
	52,303,689	60,394,427	377,783,513	331,590,006	393,331	253,672,375	38,976,9	982	34,249,056	1,149,363,379
Expenses (recoveries):										
Salaries and benefits	61,238,139	80,993,906	10,970,085	9,773,361	213,295	68,399,150	22,292,	563	_	253,880,499
Goods and services	27,704,051	4,929,590	20,565,226	157,440,629	185,220	25,151,112	1,417,	583	_	237,393,411
Long-term debt interest	2,301,687	_	768,151	_	_	_		_	_	3,069,838
Other	(3,965,612)	50,595	(1,245,816)	9,785,871	36,621	(209,249)	(1,041,9	953)	_	3,410,457
Corporate support allocation	3,402,683	11,007,256	4,018,064	23,912,416	57,278	11,566,624	2,894,	735	(56,859,056)	_
Loss on disposal of tangible										
capital assets	217,622	(10,609)	157,492	497,080	_	(478,510)		_	_	383,075
Amortization of tangible capital assets	8,712,838	2,696,150	33,044,179	23,198,240	_	16,569,047		_	_	84,220,454
Accretion expense	_	_	_	74,708	_	_		_	_	74,708
Other capital related	5,164,590	577,446	2,271,729	5,090,050	_	4,949,285	2,062,	589	_	20,115,689
	104,775,998	100,244,334	70,549,110	229,772,355	492,414	125,947,459	27,625,	517	(56,859,056)	602,548,131
Annual surplus (deficit)	(52,472,309)	\$ (39,849,907)	\$ 307,234,403	\$ 101,817,651	\$ (99,083)	\$ 127,724,916	\$ 11,351,4	165	\$ 91,108,112	\$ 546,815,248

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

14. Segmented financial information (continued):

A description of the services area for segmented financial information is as follows:

(a) General government:

General government service area includes the governance of the City, corporate administration and supporting services.

(b) Protection to persons and property:

Protection comprises the administration and operations of the Fire and Rescue Service that delivers fire suppression services, rescue services and fire prevention education. The Bylaw and Compliance department provides bylaw enforcement throughout the City. The Building Standards Department provides inspection services, plan examination services, plumbing services and the issuance of building permits.

(c) Transportation services:

Transportation services area includes the administration and operations of the Transportation and Fleet Management Department as it relates to the delivery of road maintenance services, winter control and street lighting maintenance.

(d) Environmental services:

Environmental services area includes the administration and the operation of the water, wastewater, storm water distribution system as provided by the Environmental Services Department. This section also includes the cost of potable water and wastewater services. The collection of waste and recycling materials is also provided by the Environmental Services Department.

(e) Health, social and family services:

This area consists of the maintenance of the City's cemeteries and funding for assistance to aged persons.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

14. Segmented financial information (continued):

(f) Recreation and cultural services:

The recreation and cultural services area includes the delivery of recreational program services and cultural services provided by the Recreation Services Department. The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Public Library Board provides library services through its various library facilities. The maintenance of the City's parks network is provided by the Parks, Forestry and Horticulture Operations Department and maintenance of the City's recreation facilities is provided by the Building and Facilities Department.

(g) Planning and development:

Planning and development consist of the administration and operations of the Development Planning and Policy Planning and Special Programs Departments as it relates to the development of the City through development planning services, policy planning and urban design services.

(h) Corporate transfers:

Corporate transfers revenue is the City's share of earnings in Hydro Vaughan Corporations. The recoveries are the indirect costs for program support. The costs have been allocated to the segment based on a percentage of the total expenses incurred.

Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of the segmented financial information. Taxation, payments-in-lieu of taxes and investment income are allocated to the segments based on the actual expenses. User charges and other revenue have been allocated to the segment that generated the revenue. Government transfers have been allocated to the segment based upon the purpose for which the transfer was made. Development charges earned and developer contributions received were allocated to the segment for which the charge was collected.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

15. Budget data:

The budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2024 operating and capital budgets approved by City Council on December 12, 2023. Amortization was not contemplated on development of the budget and, as such, has not been included. The chart below reconciles the approved budget to the budget figures reported in these consolidated financial statements:

	В	udget amount
Revenue:		
Operating budget	\$	378,237,010
Water, wastewater and stormwater budget		200,934,345
Capital budget		216,469,089
Less:		.,,
Transfers from other funds		(102,576,297)
Proceeds from debt issue		(25,681,727)
Other adjustments		(3,000,000)
		664,382,420
Expenses:		
Operating budget		378,237,010
Water, wastewater and stormwater budget		200,934,345
Capital budget		216,469,089
Less:		.,,
Transfers to other funds		(49,205,230)
Debt principal payments		(7,987,879)
Other adjustments		(3,000,000)
		735,447,335
Annual deficit	\$	(71,064,915)

16. Trust funds:

Trust funds administered by the City amounting to \$1,912,990 (2023 - \$1,831,982) are presented in a separate financial statement of trust balances and operations. As such balances are held in trust by the City for the benefit of others, they are not presented as part of the City's consolidated financial position and consolidated financial activities.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

17. Contractual rights:

The City is involved with various contracts and agreements arising in the ordinary course of business. This results in contractual rights to economic resources, leading to both assets and revenue in the future.

The City has a number of federal and provincial funding agreements with estimated future funding of \$165.6 million (for the period 2025 to 2029). The City has also entered into a number of third-party contracts to provide shared services with estimated future recoveries of \$18.4 million (for the period 2025 to 2038). Future revenue from lease agreements for City-owned properties is approximately \$4.2 million (for the period 2025 to 2033).

18. Commitments:

(a) Lease and operating commitments:

The City has entered into a number of long-term contractual agreements and operating commitments, such as waste collection and snow clearing, obtaining City Council and other approvals as required. Expenses relating to these agreements are recorded in the year in which the payments are made. For these lease and operating commitments, minimum payments have been estimated as follows:

2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ 44,633,376 30,198,996 19,384,944 7,046,524 2,970,887 4,367,624
	\$ 108,602,351

(b) Loan guarantees:

The City has entered into contracted agreements to guarantee loans for the following:

(i) for the accumulated sum not exceeding \$5.0 million with the Ontario Soccer Association. The loan balance as at December 31, 2024 is \$945,012 (2023 - \$1.4 million), is in good standing and no loss has been recognized.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

18. Commitments (continued):

(ii) for the total obligations outstanding under the Financing Agreement between the YMCA of Greater Toronto Area and Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation in connection with the construction of a YMCA, City Library and City Recreation Space in the Vaughan Metropolitan Centre, amounts of which are disclosed in note 7.

(c) Joint services agreement:

Pursuant to a joint service agreement between PowerStream and the City, which was continued by Alectra and the City, Alectra charges the City, at agreed rates, for various administrative functions related to water billing. The total commitment under the agreement for 2024 was \$1.8 million in net charges to the City by Alectra. There is currently an agreement with Alectra to continue services to the end of 2025.

(d) Capital commitments:

The City has entered into a number of contractual agreements for capital works obtaining City Council and other approvals as required. The total value of approved and outstanding capital commitments at December 31, 2024 is approximately \$229.2 million. Expenditures relating to capital works are recorded in the year in which they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services under/or the creation of a legal obligation.

19. Contingencies:

The City of Vaughan, in the course of its operations, is subject to claims, lawsuits and contingencies. Accruals have been made in specific instances where it is probable that liabilities will be incurred and where such liabilities can be reasonably estimated. Although it is possible that liabilities may arise in other instances for which no accruals have been made, the City does not believe that such an outcome will significantly impair its operations or have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Financial instruments and risk management:

(a) Financial instruments classification:

The following table provides the carrying amount information of the City's financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the carrying values, as shown below:

	-	air lue	Amortized cost
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Water and sewer billings receivable Accounts receivable Investments (i) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Debenture and other debt Note payable	\$ 8,514,0	- - - 0000 - -	\$ 127,439,291 99,849,055 28,411,870 57,591,074 1,102,903,683 (179,671,502) (96,565,181) (3,303,523)

(i) Fair value measurement hierarchy:

All financial instruments must be classified in accordance with the significance of the inputs used in making fair value measurements. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of a financial instrument based on whether the inputs to those techniques are observable or unobservable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities using the last bid price;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that
 include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data
 (unobservable inputs).

All of the City's financial instruments are classified as Level 1, except for the City's investments in structured notes, which are classified as Level 2 financial instruments.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

(b) Risk management:

The risks associated with the City's financial instruments and policies in managing the risks are as follow:

(i) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the City if a debtor fails to discharge their obligation. The City's primary source of this risk relates to its cash and cash equivalents, investments, taxes receivable, water and sewer billings receivable, and accounts receivable.

The City's exposure to credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents is assessed as low because the City's cash deposits and cash equivalents are held by Canadian Schedule 1 Chartered banks.

The City's taxes receivable exposure to credit risk is low given that the City has full priority lien status and the ability to collect outstanding property taxes through legislative processes.

The City's investments are risk-managed under the City's investment policy, which operates within the constraints of the investment guidelines issued by the Ontario Municipal Act and specifically Ontario Regulation 438/97. The City's investment policy puts limits on the permitted investments, including portfolio composition, issuer type and credit quality. The City invests in securities that meet the credit rating requirements established under the Ontario Municipal Act and ensures compliance through ongoing monitoring.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

Accounts receivable is primarily due from automobile insurance companies, government, individuals and other corporations for services or goods the City provided. The City measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. An allowance for doubtful accounts is setup based on collection status and assessment for uncertainty. Accounts receivable that are not impaired are collectible in accordance with the Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable Collection Policy. As at December 31, 2024, the outstanding amounts were as follows:

Accounts receivable before allowance	\$	57,667,736
Less allowance for doubtful account		(76,662)
Accounts receivable	\$	57,591,074
Current	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E6 E0E 662
31-60 days	\$	56,505,662 155,568
61-90 days		186,481
91-120 days		53,059
Over 120 days		766,966
•		57,667,736
Less allowance for doubtful account		(76,662)
Accounts receivable	\$	57,591,074

(ii) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The City's investment policy operates within the constraints of the investment guidelines issued in the Ontario Municipal Act. Diversification techniques are utilized to minimize risk.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

(iii) Currency risk:

The City's transactions are mainly carried in Canadian dollar. The City is exposed to foreign currency risk between the Canadian dollar and foreign currency with its purchases in U.S. dollars. Financial instruments subject to foreign currency risk include cash and cash equivalents and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The risk exposure to currency risk is low as there was a limited number of transactions. All financial assets and liabilities are denominated in Canadian dollars.

(iv) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates which cause the potential financial loss in the fair value of financial instruments. The City is exposed to this risk in its interest-bearing investments, debenture and other debt, and note payable.

The City mitigates its interest rate risk on its debenture and other debt and note payable through fixed interest rates.

The City mitigates its interest rate risk on its investments by buying securities with varying maturities - both short term (one year and less) and long term (greater than one year).

(v) Other price risk:

Other price risk arises when the fair value of equity funds changes due to a decrease in a stock market index or other risk variables. The City is exposed to this risk in its investment in the structured note.

(vi) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk associated with the City's inability to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The City mitigates the risk by monitoring cash flows from operations, the expected outflows and financing activities to ensure it has sufficient funds to meet the current and long-term financial liabilities when due.

DRAFT Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

20. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

The table below shows the financial liabilities and its contractual maturities:

	Due within 1 year	Due between 1 - 5 years	Due beyond 5 years	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Debenture and other debt:	\$ 149,713,393	\$ 29,958,109	\$ -	\$ 179,671,502
Debt issued by the Region	5,270,824	17,174,896	21,680,807	44,126,527
Term loan - debt payable to YMCA	2,069,362	9,190,573	41,178,719	52,438,654
	\$ 157,053,579	\$ 56,323,578	\$ 62,859,526	\$ 276,236,683

21. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Financial Statements of

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Public Library Board (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the statement of operations and accumulated deficit for the year then ended
- the statement of change in net debt for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations, its changes in net debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Page 3

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan,	Canada

DRAFT Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Cash Due from the City of Vaughan (note 6)	\$ 6,986 609,823	\$ 5,815 476,778
	616,809	482,593
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Employee future benefits (note 3)	545,294 7,791,000	443,210 7,836,000
Deferred revenue	73,857 8,410,151	46,540 8,325,750
Net debt	(7,793,342)	(7,843,157)
Non-Financial Assets		
Prepaid expenses Tangible capital assets (note 4)	2,342 7,776,617	7,157 7,218,514
	7,778,959	7,225,671
Accumulated deficit (note 5)	\$ (14,383)	\$ (617,486)

DRAFT Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	F	Actual	Actual
	2024		2024	2023
	(note 7)			
Revenue:				
Municipal contributions (note 6)	\$ 21,315,447	\$ 23,47	8,764	\$ 21,810,236
Grants and subsidies	145,200	24	3,751	203,242
Fees, rental and sundry	217,000	29	5,689	260,377
•	21,677,647	24,01	8,204	22,273,855
Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	14,404,919	14,27	3,345	13,557,338
Employee benefits	3,729,751	3,68	2,654	3,396,764
General administration	1,052,998	94	0,792	991,590
Maintenance and repairs	603,700	68	7,526	648,425
Periodicals	634,870	75	7,029	627,484
Utilities	514,769	38	1,407	397,652
Office furniture and technology	244,270	18	4,136	292,064
Cleaning services	286,000	24	6,878	271,045
Programmes	91,000	10	3,278	104,282
Supplies	94,370	9	7,594	99,459
Consulting and outside services	21,000	5	0,633	5,477
Amortization of tangible capital assets				
(note 4)	_	2,00	9,829	2,199,727
	21,677,647	23,41	5,101	22,591,307
Annual surplus (deficit)	-	60	3,103	(317,452)
Accumulated deficit, beginning of year	(617,486)	(61	7,486)	(300,034)
Accumulated deficit, end of year	\$ (617,486)	\$ (1	4,383)	\$ (617,486)

DRAFT Statement of Change in Net Debt

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2024	2024	2023
	(note 7)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (617,486)	\$ 603,103	\$ (317,452)
Net decrease in prepaid expenses		4,815	29,288
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(3,872,600)	(2,567,932)	(1,789,275)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		2,009,829	2,199,727
Increase (decrease) in net debt	(4,490,086)	49,815	122,288
Net debt, beginning of year	(7,843,157)	(7,843,157)	(7,965,445)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (12,333,243)	\$ (7,793,342)	\$ (7,843,157)

DRAFT Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 603,103	\$ (317,452)
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets (note 4)	2,009,829	2,199,727
Decrease in employee future benefits (note 3)	(45,000)	(93,000)
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:		
Due from the City of Vaughan (note 6)	(133,045)	(153,155)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	102,084	100,089
Deferred revenue	27,317	24,720
Prepaid expenses	4,815	29,288
	2,569,103	1,790,217
Investing activities:		
Purchase of tangible capital assets (note 4)	(2,567,932)	(1,789,275)
Increase in cash	1,171	942
Cash, beginning of year	5,815	4,873
Cash, end of year	\$ 6,986	\$ 5,815

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Public Library Board (the "Library") is a local board of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan (the "City of Vaughan"). The Library is deemed to be a separate incorporated public library board established under the Public Libraries Act (Ontario) and is responsible for providing public library services that reflect the community's needs.

The Library is dependent on the City of Vaughan for financial support through municipal contributions.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

The financial statements of the Library are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

(b) Accrual basis of accounting:

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as they become available and measurable; expenses are the costs of goods and services and are recognized when acquired in the year, whether or not payments have been made or invoices received.

(c) Non-financial assets:

(i) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are non-financial assets having physical substance that are not generally available to the Library for use in discharging its existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. These assets are significant economic resources that are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of business and have an estimated useful life that extends beyond the current year.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Books7 yearsAudiovisual materials7 yearsDigital resources2 - 7 yearsFurniture and fixtures10 yearsEquipment5 - 10 yearsVehicle7 years

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and recorded as revenue.

(iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets:

The Library does not own any notable works of art and historical treasures at their branches. Typically, these assets are deemed worthy of preservation because of the social rather than financial benefits that they provide to the community. The historic costs of art and treasures are not determinable or relevant to their significance hence a valuation is not assigned to these assets nor would they be disclosed in the financial statements.

(iv) Leased tangible capital assets:

Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(v) Land and buildings:

The land and buildings that the Library use are owned by the City of Vaughan and are not recorded as tangible capital assets in the Library's financial statements.

(d) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the year in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

(e) Deferred revenue:

Contributions for which the related expenses have not been incurred are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

(f) Vacation entitlements:

Vacation entitlements which have been earned but are untaken, form part of the employee future benefits in these financial statements.

(g) Pension and post-retirement non-pension benefits:

The Library accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined benefit plan.

The management determines the cost of the post-retirement non-pension benefits using the projected benefit method prorated on service and based on best estimated assumptions. Under this method, the projected post-retirement non-pension benefit is deemed to be earned on a pro-rata basis over the years of service in the attribution period commencing at date of hire; and ended at the earliest age the employee could retire and qualify for benefits. Compensated absence and termination benefits that do not vest or accumulate are recognized as an expense when the event occurs.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant estimates include assumptions used in estimating provisions for accrued liabilities, and in performing actuarial valuations of employee future benefits.

In addition, PSAB section 3150, Tangible Capital Assets, requires management to make estimates of useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(i) Presentation of budget information:

The Library completes an operating budget review each year. The approved budget figures for 2024 are reflected on the statement of operations and accumulated surplus and in note 6. Actual revenue and expenses may differ significantly from annual budgets.

(j) Future accounting pronouncements:

These standards and amendments were not effective for the year ended December 31, 2024 and have therefore not been applied to these financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standards updates on the future financial statements.

(i) PS 1202 – Financial Statement Presentation was approved in March 2023 by PSAB. This standard supersedes PS 1201 – Financial Statement Presentation and covers a new conceptual framework and reporting model. Prior period amounts would need to be reinstated to conform to the presentation requirements for comparative financial information. This standard is effective for fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2026. The first effective year for the Library will be December 31, 2027.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (h) Future accounting pronouncements (continued):
 - (ii) PS 3251 Employee Benefits will replace PS 3250 Retirement Benefits and PS 3255 – Post-employment Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits. The proposed section is currently undergoing discussions where further changes are expected as a result of the reexposure comments. Effective date is currently not determined.

2. Change in Accounting Policies

(a) PS 3160

On January 1, 2024, the Library adopted PS 3160 – Public Private Partnerships ("P3"). This new accounting standard identifies requirements on how to account for and disclose transactions in which public sector entities procure major infrastructure assets and/or services from private sector entities. Recognition of assets arising from P3 arrangements is ultimately dependent on whether public sector entities control the purpose and use of the assets, access to the future economic benefits and exposure to the risks associated with the assets, and significant residual interest in the asset, if any, at the end of the P3 term. Measurement of the asset and related liability will also be dependent on the overall model used to compensate the private sector entity. The Library adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of transactions that would meet the definition of P3.

(b) PS 3400

On January 1, 2024, the Library adopted PS 3400 – Revenue. This new accounting standard establishes how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and those that do not. Adoption of this standard has resulted in changes in the timing of revenue recognition for certain revenue streams such as licences and permits. The Library will recognize revenue from these exchange transactions when it satisfies its performance obligations. The Library adopted the standard prospectively. There is no impact on the presentation, measurement, or recognition of revenue in the current or prior periods of these financial statements.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

(c) Public Sector Guideline 8

On January 1, 2024, the Library adopted Public Sector Guideline 8 – Purchased Intangibles. This new guideline allows public sector entities to recognize intangibles purchased through an exchange transaction. The Library adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of assets that would meet the definition of purchased intangibles.

3. Employee future benefits:

(a) Pensions:

The City provides a pension plan for its employees through Ontario Municipal Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan for employees of Ontario municipalities, local boards, public utilities and school boards. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by employees based on the length of credited service and average earnings. No past service liability exists.

The City is current with all payments to OMERS. As at December 31, 2024, OMERS has an actuarial deficit of \$2.9 billion (2023 - \$4.2 billion). If actuarial surpluses are not available to offset the existing deficit and subsidize future contributions, increases in contributions will be required in the future. The date of the most recent filed actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the OMERS Primary Pension Plan was December 31, 2021. Management intends to file an updated actuarial valuation for funding purposes by December 31, 2025.

Total OMERS contributions amounted to \$2,377,000 in 2024 (2023 - \$2,260,000), of which \$1,189,000 (2023 - \$1,130,000) represented the Library's portion.

(b) Post-retirement non-pension benefits:

The Library pays certain health, dental and life insurance benefits on behalf of its retired employees. The Library recognizes these post-retirement non-pension benefit costs in the year in which the employee rendered the services.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Employee future benefits (continued):

The accrued benefit liability for active employees and retirees at December 31, 2024 of \$6,660,000 (2023 - \$6,684,000) and the expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 of \$133,000 (2023 - \$125,000) was determined by actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 4.25% (2023 - 4.25%).

(c) Non-vesting sick leave benefits:

The Library allocates to certain employee groups a specified number of days each year for use as paid absence in the event of illness or injury. These days do not vest and employees are permitted to accumulate their unused allocation each year. Accumulated days may be used in future years to the extent that the employee's illness or injury exceeds the current year's allocation of days. Sick days are paid out at the salary in effect at the time of usage. The accrued sick time benefit liability at December 31, 2024 of \$614,000 (2023 - \$597,000) and the benefit expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 of \$62,000 (2023- \$82,000) was determined by actuarial valuation using the discount rate of 4.25% (2023 - 4.25%).

Components of the accrued benefit obligations are as follows:

	2024	2023
Post-retirement benefits Vacation entitlements Non-vesting sick leave	\$ 6,660,000 517,000 614,000	\$ 6,684,000 555,000 597,000
	\$ 7,791,000	\$ 7,836,000

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Employee future benefits (continued):

Information about the Library's accrued benefits obligation is as follows:

Post-retirement benefits		2024		2023
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	4,457,000	\$	5,208,000
Actuarial gain	Ψ	-	Ψ	(785,000
Service cost		123,000		121,000
Interest cost		196,000		190,000
Benefits paid		(158,000)		(277,000)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year		4,618,000		4,457,000
Net unamortized actuarial gain		2,042,000		2,227,000
Accrued benefit liability	\$	6,660,000	\$	6,684,000
Components of benefit expense:				
Current service cost	\$	123,000	\$	121,000
Interest cost		196,000		190,000
Amortization of actuarial gain		(186,000)		(186,000)
Employee future benefit expense	\$	133,000	\$	125,000

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Employee future benefits (continued):

Non-vesting sick leave		2024		2023
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	509,000	\$	560,000
Actuarial loss	•	-	Ψ	(83,000)
Current service cost		48,000		65,000
Interest cost		23,000		18,000
Benefits paid		(45,000)		(51,000)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year		535,000		509,000
Net unamortized actuarial gain		79,000		88,000
Accrued benefit liability	\$	614,000	\$	597,000
Components of benefit expense:				
Current service cost	\$	48,000	\$	65,000
Interest cost	•	23,000	,	18,000
Amortization of actuarial gain		(9,000)		(1,000)
Non-vesting sick leave benefit expense	\$	62,000	\$	82,000

4. Tangible capital assets:

Cost	De	Balance, ecember 31, 2023	Additions	Disposals	D	Balance, ecember 31, 2024
Books Audio visual materials Digital resources Furniture and fixtures Equipment Vehicle	\$	6,571,760 3,194,459 1,812,740 3,681,013 2,235,427 55,175	\$ 1,376,025 393,968 348,495 309,029 140,415	\$ (1,133,050) (466,935) - - - -	\$	6,814,735 3,121,492 2,161,235 3,990,042 2,375,842 55,175

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. Tangible capital assets (continued):

Accumulated amortization	D	Balance, ecember 31, 2023	Α	mortization expense	Disposals	D	Balance, ecember 31, 2024
Books Audio visual materials Digital resources Furniture and fixtures Equipment Vehicle	\$	3,719,279 1,711,128 848,819 2,311,012 1,705,038 36,784	\$	868,269 427,672 301,293 206,533 198,180 7,882	\$ (1,133,050) (466,935) - - - -	\$	3,454,498 1,671,865 1,150,112 2,517,545 1,903,218 44,666

Net book value		2024	2023
Books	\$	3,360,237	\$ 2,852,481
Audio visual materials	·	1,449,627	1,483,331
Digital resources		1,011,123	963,921
Furniture and fixtures		1,472,497	1,370,001
Equipment		472,624	530,389
Vehicles		10,509	18,391
	\$	7,776,617	\$ 7,218,514

5. Accumulated deficit:

Accumulated deficit consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Surplus invested in tangible capital assets (note 3) Unfunded employee benefits (note 2)	\$ 7,776,617 (7,791,000)	\$ 7,218,514 (7,836,000)
	\$ (14,383)	\$ (617,486)

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

6. Related party transactions and balance:

During the year, the Library received municipal contributions from the City of Vaughan of \$23,478,764 (2023 - \$21,810,236).

Amounts due from the City of Vaughan of \$609,823 (2023 - \$476,778) have no specific terms of repayment and the amounts do not bear any interest due from the City of Vaughan.

7. Budget data:

The audited budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2024 operating and capital budgets approved by the City of Vaughan Council on December 12, 2023. Amortization was not contemplated on development of the budget and, as such, has not been included. The chart below reconciles the approved budget to the budget figures reported in these financial statements.

	Budget
	amount
Revenue:	
Approved operating budget	\$ 21,677,647
Approved capital budget	41,126,208
	62,803,855
Less elimination of capital expense budget	41,126,208
Total revenue and expense	\$ 21,677,647

8. Financial risk management:

It is management's opinion that the Library is not exposed to significant liquidity, interest rate, credit, market, or cash flow risk. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2023.

Financial Statements of

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE KLEINBURG BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members of Kleinburg Business Improvement Area, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Board of Management for the Kleinburg Business Improvement Area (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan,	Canada	

DRAFT Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Cash HST receivable Accounts receivable Accrued revenue	\$ 40,118 2,555 429 5,000 48,102	\$ 4,111 2,630 165 5,000 11,906
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,657	3,979
Net financial assets	43,445	7,927
Non-Financial Assets		
Prepaid expenses	909	905
Accumulated surplus	\$ 44,354	\$ 8,832

DRAFT Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2024	2024	2023
	(note 2(e))		
Revenue:			
Kleinburg Business Improvement			
Area special area levy	\$ 58,000	\$ 58,000	\$ 20,000
Grants (note 4)	15,000	13,237	_
Other income '	17,000	5,595	9,317
	90,000	76,832	29,317
Expenses:			
Outside contract services	3,500	1,503	2,004
Salaries	30,000	7,208	2,000
Special events	27,000	14,321	12,532
Advertising and marketing	24,000	11,979	20,506
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,727	1,313
Insurance	2,000	1,950	2,067
Professional fees	, _	2,622	2,240
	88,000	41,310	42,662
Annual surplus (deficit)	2,000	35,522	(13,345)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	8,832	8,832	22,177
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 10,832	\$ 44,354	\$ 8,832

DRAFT Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2024 (note 2(e))	2024	2023
	(110te 2(e))		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 2,000	\$ 35,522	\$ (13,345)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses		(4)	(138)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	2,000	35,518	(13,483)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	7,927	7,927	21,410
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 9,927	\$ 43,445	\$ 7,927

DRAFT Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 35,522	\$ (13,345)
Change in harmonized sales taxes receivable	75	599
Change in accounts receivable	(264)	(165)
Change in accrued revenue	` <u>-</u>	(4,785)
Change in prepaid expenses	(4)	(138)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 678	(1,829)
Increase (decrease) in cash	36,007	(19,663)
Cash, beginning of year	4,111	23,774
Cash, end of year	\$ 40,118	\$ 4,111

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Nature of operations:

The Board of Management for the Kleinburg Business Improvement Area (the "Board") was established by the Corporation of the City of Vaughan ("City of Vaughan") bylaw dated May 28, 1984. The principal purpose of the Board is to provide for beautification, maintenance and promotion of the Kleinburg Business Improvement Area.

The Board may not borrow money, and without the prior approval of Municipal Council, may not incur indebtedness beyond the current year.

The Board is economically dependent on the City of Vaughan for financial support through special area levy.

2. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

The financial statements of the Board are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

(b) Accrual basis of accounting:

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as they become available and measurable; expenses are the costs of goods or services and are recognized when acquired in the year, whether or not payments have been made or invoices received.

(c) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the year in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Budget information:

The audited budget information presented in these financial statements is based on the budget approved by the City Council on January 30, 2024.

(f) Future accounting pronouncements

These standards and amendments were not effective for the year ended December 31, 2024 and have therefore not been applied to these financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standards updates on the future financial statements.

- (i) PS 1202 Financial Statement Presentation was approved in March 2023 by PSAB. This standard supersedes PS 1201 – Financial Statement Presentation and covers a new conceptual framework and reporting model. Prior period amounts would need to be reinstated to conform to the presentation requirements for comparative financial information. This standard is effective for fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2026. The first effective year for the Corporation will be December 31, 2027.
- (ii) PS 3251 Employee Benefits will replace PS 3250 Retirement Benefits and PS 3255 – Post-employment Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits. The proposed section is currently undergoing discussions where further changes are expected as a result of the re-exposure comments. Effective date is currently not determined.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

3. Change in Accounting Policies

(a) PS 3160

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3160 – Public Private Partnerships ("P3"). This new accounting standard identifies requirements on how to account for and disclose transactions in which public sector entities procure major infrastructure assets and/or services from private sector entities. Recognition of assets arising from P3 arrangements is ultimately dependent on whether public sector entities control the purpose and use of the assets, access to the future economic benefits and exposure to the risks associated with the assets, and significant residual interest in the asset, if any, at the end of the P3 term. Measurement of the asset and related liability will also be dependent on the overall model used to compensate the private sector entity. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of transactions that would meet the definition of P3.

(b) PS 3400

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3400 – Revenue. This new accounting standard establishes how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and those that do not. Adoption of this standard has resulted in changes in the timing of revenue recognition for certain revenue streams such as licences and permits. The Corporation will recognize revenue from these exchange transactions when it satisfies its performance obligations. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. There is no impact on the presentation, measurement, or recognition of revenue in the current or prior periods of these financial statements.

(c) Public Sector Guideline 8

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted Public Sector Guideline 8 – Purchased Intangibles. This new guideline allows public sector entities to recognize intangibles purchased through an exchange transaction. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of assets that would meet the definition of purchased intangibles.

4. Grants:

During the year, the Board received \$5,237 for the Summer Student grant program from the Government of Canada, \$5,000 for the Tourism grant from the City of Vaughan, and \$3,000 for the Spark Program from Hackforge.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

5. Financial risk management:

It is management's opinion that the Board is not exposed to significant liquidity, interest rate, market, or cash flow risk. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2023.

Financial Statements of

TOURISM VAUGHAN CORPORATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tourism Vaughan Corporation (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the statement of change in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations, its change in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

DRAFT Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Due from the City of Vaughan (note 3)	\$ 2,902,020	\$ 2,382,823
Net financial assets, being accumulated surplus	\$ 2,902,020	\$ 2,382,823

DRAFT Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget 2024	Actual 2024	2023
	(note 4)		
Revenue:			
Municipal accommodation tax			
transferred from the City of Vaughan			
(note 3)	\$ 1,929,500	\$ 1,915,392	\$ 1,864,680
Provincial grants	_	_	(571)
	1,929,500	1,915,392	1,864,109
Expenses:			
Purchased services from the			
City of Vaughan	866,838	749,405	489,392
General operating expenses	435,000	496,455	500,505
Grant Disbursement	525,000	116,460	_
Professional fees	15,000	12,992	15,086
Administration fees	22,000	20,883	12,464
	1,863,838	1,396,195	1,017,447
Excess of revenue over expenses	65,662	519,197	846,662
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	2,382,823	2,382,823	1,536,161
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 2,448,485	\$ 2,902,020	\$ 2,382,823

DRAFT Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget 2024 (note 4)	Actual 2024	2023
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 65,662	\$ 519,197	\$ 846,662
Increase in net financial assets	65,662	519,197	846,662
Net financial assets, beginning of year	2,382,823	2,382,823	1,536,161
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 2,448,485	\$ 2,902,020	\$ 2,382,823

DRAFT Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations: Excess of revenue over expenses Change in non-cash operating working capital: Due from the City of Vaughan (note 3)	\$ 519,197 (519,197)	\$ 846,662 (846,662)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents, being cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ -	\$ –

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

Tourism Vaughan Corporation (the "Corporation") is a municipal services corporation incorporated without share capital, pursuant to Ontario Regulation 599/06 - Municipal Services Corporations, a regulation under the Municipal Act, 2001.

The Corporation was established to promote and market the city of Vaughan as a leading destination for tourism, leisure and business travel. The Corporation is limited to providing services to owners or members of the Corporation on behalf of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan ("the City of Vaughan") in lieu of the municipality providing those services itself.

The City of Vaughan passed a by-law effective April 1, 2019, charging a 4% municipal accommodation tax levy on the purchase of transient accommodation such as hotels, motels and bed and breakfast establishments.

By regulation, 50% of this levy must be transferred from the City of Vaughan to the Corporation to expend for the purposes of expanding tourism in the City of Vaughan.

The Corporation's operations shall be conducted without the purpose of gain for its sole member, the City of Vaughan. Any profits will be used in promoting the objective of enhancing tourism in the City of Vaughan.

The Corporation is economically dependent on the City of Vaughan for financial support.

1. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Corporation are as follows:

(a) Basis of accounting:

The Corporation follows the accrual method of accounting for revenue and expenses. Revenue is recognized in the year in which it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods and services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits in banks, certificates of deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(c) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the year in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

(d) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments except freestanding derivatives, are initially recorded at fair value. Equity instruments are thereafter carried at cost. Interest bearing assets and liabilities are subsequently accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

When there is a loss in value of a financial asset that is other than temporary, the asset is written down and the loss is recorded in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus. The write-down is not reversed if there is a subsequent increase in value.

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(h) Future accounting pronouncements

These standards and amendments were not effective for the year ended December 31, 2024 and have therefore not been applied to these financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standards updates on the future financial statements.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (h) Future accounting pronouncements (continued)
 - (i) PS 1202 Financial Statement Presentation was approved in March 2023 by PSAB. This standard supersedes PS 1201 – Financial Statement Presentation and covers a new conceptual framework and reporting model. Prior period amounts would need to be reinstated to conform to the presentation requirements for comparative financial information. This standard is effective for fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2026. The first effective year for the Corporation will be December 31, 2027.
 - (ii) PS 3251 Employee Benefits will replace PS 3250 Retirement Benefits and PS 3255 – Post-employment Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits. The proposed section is currently undergoing discussions where further changes are expected as a result of the re-exposure comments. Effective date is currently not determined.

2. Change in Accounting Policies

(a) PS 3160

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3160 – Public Private Partnerships ("P3"). This new accounting standard identifies requirements on how to account for and disclose transactions in which public sector entities procure major infrastructure assets and/or services from private sector entities. Recognition of assets arising from P3 arrangements is ultimately dependent on whether public sector entities control the purpose and use of the assets, access to the future economic benefits and exposure to the risks associated with the assets, and significant residual interest in the asset, if any, at the end of the P3 term. Measurement of the asset and related liability will also be dependent on the overall model used to compensate the private sector entity. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of transactions that would meet the definition of P3.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

2. Change in Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) PS 3400

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3400 – Revenue. This new accounting standard establishes how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and those that do not. Adoption of this standard has resulted in changes in the timing of revenue recognition for certain revenue streams such as licences and permits. The Corporation will recognize revenue from these exchange transactions when it satisfies its performance obligations. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. There is no impact on the presentation, measurement, or recognition of revenue in the current or prior periods of these financial statements.

(c) Public Sector Guideline 8

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted Public Sector Guideline 8 – Purchased Intangibles. This new guideline allows public sector entities to recognize intangibles purchased through an exchange transaction. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of assets that would meet the definition of purchased intangibles.

3. Due from City of Vaughan:

The amount due from the City of Vaughan is as follows:

	202	24	2023
Opening balance	\$ 2,382,82	23	\$ 1,536,161
Municipal accommodation tax revenue	1,915,39	92	1,864,680
Provincial grants		_	(571)
	4,298,2	15	3,400,270
Less cumulative amount of the Corporation's			
expenses paid by the City of Vaughan	1,396,19	95	1,017,447
	\$ 2,902,02	20	\$ 2,382,823

Included in cumulative amount of the Corporation's expenses paid by the City of Vaughan, there is an amount of \$749,405 (2023 - \$566,178) which represents allocation of labour and other shared expenses by the City of Vaughan based on usage of shared items by these related entities. There is an administrative service agreement between the Corporation and the City of Vaughan.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. Budget:

The Corporation's 2024 budget was first approved by the Corporation's board of directors on January 31, 2024 and subsequently approved by City Council on March 19, 2024.

5. Fair value of financial assets:

The fair value of the Corporation's accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates its carrying amount due to the relatively short period to maturity of this financial instrument.

The fair value of the amounts due from the City of Vaughan are determinable and are transacted at exchange value. This balance is non-interest bearing.

6. Financial risk management:

It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant liquidity, interest rate, credit, market, or cash flow risk. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2023.

Financial Statements of

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN TRUST FUNDS

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Trust Funds (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024
- the statement of operations and changes in fund balance for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan,	Canada

DRAFT Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Cash	\$ 1,924,978	\$ 1,843,613
Financial Liabilities		
Due to The Corporation of City of Vaughan (note 3)	11,988	11,631
Fund balance	\$ 1,912,990	\$ 1,831,982

DRAFT Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Revenue:		
Sale of plots/markers	\$ 81,008	\$ 80,200
Interest earned	92,996	91,831
	174,004	172,031
Expenses:		
Maintenance	92,996	91,831
Annual surplus	81,008	80,200
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,831,982	1,751,782
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,912,990	\$ 1,831,982

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

These financial statements reflect the fund balance and operations of the trust funds administered by The Corporation of the City of Vaughan (the "City").

The City administers the Cemetery Perpetual Care Trust Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Cemeteries Act of Ontario.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan Trust Funds (the "Trust Funds") are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Basis of accounting:

Sale of plots/markers are recorded as revenue on receipt.

Interest earned is recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

Maintenance expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes expenses are they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Other items are reported on an accrual basis.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Future accounting pronouncements:

These standards and amendments were not effective for the year ended December 31, 2024 and have therefore not been applied to these financial statements. Management is currently assessing the impact of the following accounting standards updates on the future financial statements.

- (i) PS 1202 Financial Statement Presentation was approved in March 2023 by PSAB. This standard supersedes PS 1201 – Financial Statement Presentation and covers a new conceptual framework and reporting model. Prior period amounts would need to be reinstated to conform to the presentation requirements for comparative financial information. This standard is effective for fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2026. The first effective year for the Corporation will be December 31, 2027.
- (ii) PS 3251 Employee Benefits will replace PS 3250 Retirement Benefits and PS 3255 – Post-employment Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits. The proposed section is currently undergoing discussions where further changes are expected as a result of the re-exposure comments. Effective date is currently not determined.

2. Change in Accounting Policies

(a) PS 3160

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3160 – Public Private Partnerships ("P3"). This new accounting standard identifies requirements on how to account for and disclose transactions in which public sector entities procure major infrastructure assets and/or services from private sector entities. Recognition of assets arising from P3 arrangements is ultimately dependent on whether public sector entities control the purpose and use of the assets, access to the future economic benefits and exposure to the risks associated with the assets, and significant residual interest in the asset, if any, at the end of the P3 term. Measurement of the asset and related liability will also be dependent on the overall model used to compensate the private sector entity. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of transactions that would meet the definition of P3.

DRAFT Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

2. Change in Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) PS 3400

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted PS 3400 – Revenue. This new accounting standard establishes how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and those that do not. Adoption of this standard has resulted in changes in the timing of revenue recognition for certain revenue streams such as licences and permits. The Corporation will recognize revenue from these exchange transactions when it satisfies its performance obligations. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. There is no impact on the presentation, measurement, or recognition of revenue in the current or prior periods of these financial statements.

(c) Public Sector Guideline 8

On January 1, 2024, the Corporation adopted Public Sector Guideline 8 – Purchased Intangibles. This new guideline allows public sector entities to recognize intangibles purchased through an exchange transaction. The Corporation adopted the standard prospectively. The implementation of this new standard did not result in identification of assets that would meet the definition of purchased intangibles.

3. Due to The Corporation of the City of Vaughan:

The balance due to The Corporation of the City of Vaughan is non-interest bearing and has no specific terms of repayment.

4. Financial risk management:

It is management's opinion that the Trust Funds are not exposed to significant liquidity, interest rate, credit, market or cash flow risk. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2023.

Statement of Revenue and Expenditures and Fund Balance of

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

MAYOR'S GALA AND GOLF EVENTS

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Members of Council of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the statement of revenue and expenditures and fund balance of Mayor's Gala and Golf Events of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan (the Entity) for the year ended December 31, 2024, and notes to the statement, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "statement").

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the **"Basis for Qualified Opinion"** section of our auditor's report, the accompanying statement for the year ended December 31, 2024 of the Mayor's Gala and Golf Events is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting framework described in Note 1 to the statement.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Entity derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Entity.

Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to:

- the proceeds reported in the statements of revenue and expenditures and fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2024
- the fund balances, at the beginning and end of the year, reported in the statements of revenue and expenditures and fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2024

Our opinion on the statement for the year ended December 31, 2024 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the statement in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Financial Reporting Framework

We draw attention to Note 1 in the statement, which describes the applicable financial reporting framework and the purpose of the statement.

As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation of the statement in accordance with the financial reporting framework described in Note 1 to the statement; this includes determining that the applicable financial reporting framework is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the statement in the circumstances, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of a statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

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We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DRAFT

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan,	Canada

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

MAYOR'S GALA AND GOLF EVENTS

DRAFT Statement of Revenue and Expenditures and Fund Balance

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

Expenditures:		2024	2023
Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax \$ 1,056,167 \$ 1,043,64 Expenditures: 285,594 229,05 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,757 23,75 Professional 54,753 76,85 Proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event 692,063 713,97 Mayor's Golf Tournament 8 8 Revenue: 8 8 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: 8 8 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: 8 8 2,951 2,951 2,71 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 23,25 2,951 2,71 City administration recovery (note 3) 2,951 2,71 2,71 133,004 120,69 Professional 133,004 120,69 120,69 120,69 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553	Mayor's Gala Event		
sales tax \$ 1,056,167 \$ 1,043,64 Expenditures:	Revenue:		
Mayor's Gala Event 285,594 229,05 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,757 23,75 Professional 54,753 76,85 364,104 329,67 Proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event 692,063 713,97 Mayor's Golf Tournament Revenue: Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 23,251 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	·	\$ 1,056,167	\$ 1,043,648
City administration recovery (note 3) 23,757 23,75 Professional 54,753 76,85 364,104 329,67 Proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event 692,063 713,97 Mayor's Golf Tournament Revenue: Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: 406,802 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 94,72 95,75 94,72	Expenditures:		
Professional 54,753 76,85 364,104 329,67 Proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event 692,063 713,97 Mayor's Golf Tournament Revenue: 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,25 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Mayor's Gala Event	285,594	229,054
Section Sect	City administration recovery (note 3)	23,757	23,757
Mayor's Golf Tournament 692,063 713,97 Revenue: Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Mayor's Golf Tournament City administration recovery (note 3) 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Professional	54,753	76,859
Mayor's Golf Tournament Revenue: Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Sexpenditures: 106,802 94,72 Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44		364,104	329,670
Revenue: Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,25 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event	692,063	713,978
Revenue received by City, net of harmonized sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: 3 3 251,66 Mayor's Golf Tournament City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 23,251 23,251 23,251 27,71 27,71 133,004 120,69 120,69 120,69 127,355 130,97<	Mayor's Golf Tournament		
sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures: Mayor's Golf Tournament City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 2,951 2,71 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Revenue:		
sales tax 260,359 251,66 Expenditures:	Revenue received by City, net of harmonized		
Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,25 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	• • •	260,359	251,667
Mayor's Golf Tournament 106,802 94,72 City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,25 Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Expenditures:		
City administration recovery (note 3) 23,251 23,251 23,251 2,711 Professional 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44		106.802	94,727
Professional 2,951 2,71 133,004 120,69 Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44			23,252
Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament 127,355 130,97 Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44			2,711
Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44			120,690
Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Proceeds from Mayor's Golf Tournament	127.355	130.977
Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44		,000	,
Mayor's Golf Tournament 819,418 844,95 Fund balance carried forward from previous years 930,553 658,44	Total proceeds from Mayor's Gala Event and		
		819,418	844,955
· · · · ·	Fund halance carried forward from provious years	020 552	650 440
Total funds available for distribution 1,749,971 1,503,40	rund balance carried forward from previous years	930,555	030,440
	Total funds available for distribution	1,749,971	1,503,403
City distributions to qualified recipients (note 4) (679,741) (572,850	City distributions to qualified recipients (note 4)	(679,741)	(572,850)
Fund balance, end of year \$ 1,070,230 \$ 930,55	Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,070,230	\$ 930,553

See accompanying notes to statement of revenue and expenditures and fund balance.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

MAYOR'S GALA AND GOLF EVENTS

DRAFT Notes to Statement of Revenue and Expenditures and Fund Balance

Year ended December 31, 2024

1. Basis of accounting:

The financial statement is prepared by management in a manner consistent with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB"). Management has interpreted GAAP to be the recognition and measurement principles for Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS") in the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook. Recognition and measurement principles relate specifically to revenue and expenditures, and not the presentation principles or the presentation of all the financial statements and note disclosures required by PSAS for a complete set of financial statements.

The purpose of the financial statement is to report on the Mayor's Gala and Golf Events as directed by the City Council of the Corporation of the City of Vaughan ("City").

2. Change in Accounting Policies

PS 3400

On January 1, 2024, the City adopted PS 3400 – Revenue. This new accounting standard establishes how to account for and report on revenue. Specifically, it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations and those that do not. Adoption of this standard has resulted in changes in the timing of revenue recognition for certain revenue streams such as licences and permits. The City will recognize revenue from these exchange transactions when it satisfies its performance obligations. The City adopted the standard prospectively. There is no impact on the presentation, measurement, or recognition of revenue in the current or prior periods of this financial statement.

3. City administration recovery:

The City charges the Mayor's Gala and Golf Events a set amount as recovery of internal labour costs spent on administrating the Mayor's Gala and Golf Events.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

MAYOR'S GALA AND GOLF EVENTS

DRAFT Notes to Statement of Revenue and Expenditures and Fund Balance

Year ended December 31, 2024

4. City distributions to qualified recipients:

Under a resolution by the City Council, recipients for the net proceeds raised from the Mayor's Gala and Golf Events include, but are not limited to, Vaughan-based charities, not-for-profit organizations, community groups and disaster relief assistance. During 2024, \$679,741 distributions (2023 - \$572,850) were made to these qualified recipients.