







Project Background



- The City's current population is approximately 325,000 and rapid growth is forecasted, with an expected population growth to 497,400 by 2041.¹
- Through council directive, the need for a Land Acquisition Strategy to support forecasted growth and intensification for the City was identified.

¹Source: Ontario Ministry of Finance 2017 Population Projections



Land Acquisition Strategy Project Goals





- Prepare the City for growth and development to year 2041.
- Review all current municipal land holdings.
- Identify potential future requirements for population growth and development.
- Provide framework to guide and evaluate timely and cost-effective land acquisition.
- Development of a framework for managing third-party real estate requests.
- Conduct cost benefit analysis of various acquisition tools and options.
- Provide a financial strategy which supports fiscal sustainability.
- Consider alternatives to full acquisition for all municipal property.



Steering Committee Formed in 2018



- The Terms of Reference developed by the Steering Committee contemplates all City property requirements; Recreational Centres, Libraries, Parkland, Fire Stations, Operations Centres, Trails and Natural Heritage Land.
- Steering Committee includes the following City departments:
 - Parks Development
 - Development Planning
 - Recreation Services
 - Vaughan Public Libraries
 - Fire and Rescue Services
 - Infrastructure Delivery
 - Legal Services

- · Development Engineering
- Policy Planning and Environmental Sustainability
- Transportation Services, Parks and Forestry Operations
- Environmental Services
- Infrastructure Planning and Corporate Asset Management
- Financial Planning and Development Finance
- Real Estate
- RFP issued in Spring 2018 with Ernst and Young LLP and MHBC Planning selected in August 2018 through a competitive procurement process which included a presentation to steering committee.



Land Acquisition Strategy Project Status





- ${f V}$ Steering Committee consultation to review project goals confirm direction.
- V Desktop review of master planning documents, regional and provincial planning policies, enabling legislation, and other municipal Land Acquisition Strategies.
- V Municipal land demand forecast prepared and shared with Steering Committee.
- V One-on-one meetings were held with Steering Committee to confirm land requirements, potential gaps, and related policies/legislation.
- V Draft analysis of the guiding themes prepared which will drive the development of final recommendations.



Current Approach





- Land requirements for many municipal asset classes are well-documented and funded through Development Charges (DC's) and parkland provisions within the *Planning Act*.
- Recently proposed provincial changes (Bill 108) to DC, Section 37 and parkland conveyance funding mechanism are unknown. Further Council update in Q4 2019.

The City's 2018 citizen's survey results demonstrate exceptional municipal provision standards in today's environment









- In May 2019, the provincial government introduced Bill 108, which addresses the shortage of affordable housing by finding faster ways of getting a greater mix of housing supply.
- As part of this housing initiative, Bill 108 significantly alters the financial tools for development and redevelopment which have been available to municipalities.
- Funding for soft services (e.g. libraries, recreation, and parks) would be blended into a new Community Benefits Charge ("CBC") from the existing system of DCs and parkland dedication.
- Changes to the Development Charges Act for soft services would allow municipalities to collect CBCs up to a percentage of the appraised value of land to pay for costs of facilities, services, and matters required because of development or redevelopment.
- Under the proposed amendment, a municipal CBC strategy would need to identify the capital needs that would otherwise be funded out of Section 37, parkland dedication and DCs for soft services.



Challenges and Opportunities





- Community service level targets provision standards, revenue tools, and funding gaps.
- 2) Municipal asset value maximization.
- 3) Maturity of City policies in today's growth environment.



Land Acquisition Strategy Funding Gap



- A requirement of the Planning Process for new residential development, municipalities have control over how developers may provide or secure for land dedication and or securement.
- Within intensification areas, the development community will likely be more inclined to provide cash-in-lieu for parkland over land dedication where land values exceed cash-in-lieu collection.
- Bill 108 recently proposed changes to the *Development Charges Act* (DC funding of soft services), and the *Planning Act* (parkland dedication, Section 37 community benefits).
 - O These proposed changes may impact funding mechanisms currently available to municipalities for the delivery of community centres, libraries, parks, and open space trails.



Emerging Themes: Policy Framework



In consultation with stakeholders, investigate:

A balanced policy framework that contemplates alternative site dedication using pre-determined evaluation criteria.

- ✓ Good physical accessibility to the area.
- ✓ Alignment to Official Plan.
- ✓ Achieve City requirements.









Emerging Themes: Funding



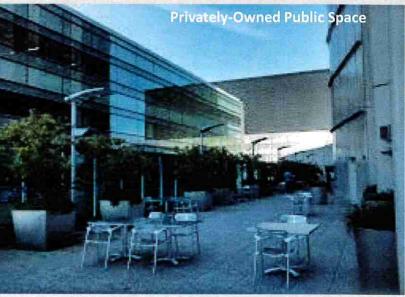


In consultation with stakeholders, investigate:

Revise funding to reflect costs to acquire land and meet targets.

Providing greater clarity of desired community outcomes for Section 37¹ negotiations. (e.g. parkland/public realm investment, privately-owned public spaces)







¹ Proposed changes as part of Bill 108 may impact both CIL and Section 37.

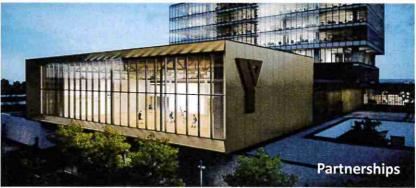
Emerging Themes: Fee Simple Alternatives





- Easements
- Co-location relationships/partnerships
- Stratified Title
- Leasing
- Section 37 Opportunities (POPS)









Land Acquisition Strategy Emerging Themes: Asset Maximization





- The increasing cost of land may impact future land acquisition opportunities.
- To respond, the City should maximize use for owned sites in strategic locations where intensification is imminent such as the VMC or Vaughan Mills.
- As the City explores municipal use intensification, surplus property may be identified.
- The City should explore the creation of a Land Acquisition Reserve Fund (LARF) to fund future land acquisition from the sale of surplus municipal.
 - Parkland Acquisition is currently funded through a dedicated Cash-in-Lieu funding mechanism.

1980 Municipal Land Acquisition (e.g. Fire Station)



Flow of Land Acquisition Funds \$\$\$\$ Future Municipal Land Acquisition (e.g. Mixed-Municipal Use)



Historical DC funding used to acquire municipal land in which is then sold as surplus property should be re-purposed for future municipal land acquisition to ensure the preservation and recycling of historical DC land acquisition funds.



Emerging Themes: Policy Maturity



- To stimulate industrial development, in 1992 the City adopted and implemented a cash-in-lieu (CIL) waiver policy.
- Fiven the current limited vacant land inventory of industrial property in Vaughan, this incentive may no longer be required and the CIL policy for industrial land should be revisited.





Emerging Themes: Unsolicited Proposals





- To better position the City to respond to unsolicited proposals for real estate assistance, a study of best practices across other jurisdictions (e.g. Infrastructure Ontario, municipal) has been undertaken.
- A solution for Vaughan is being developed which includes clear processes for how the City undertakes any disposition and/or leasing of assets, clear guidelines how proposals would be evaluated, and communications tools with the general public.
- The following guiding principles would be at the heart of any policy developed:
 - Fair and transparent process.
 - City requirements shall always remain the highest priority outcome.
 - Maximize value to the City.
 - Responsive approach to supporting community and/or economic benefits.
 - Minimize City risk and abide by relevant legislation.



Emerging Themes: Unsolicited Proposals



The City should update its Real Property Disposition By-Law to provide clarity to the public on City processes and guidelines in managing real property requests.



To strengthen public communication create a communications tool such as a Real Property Disposal & Leasing landing page on the City's webpage.



¹ Assumes City is asked to act as intermediary and use priority in public-sector circulation to then sell direct to third-party.

Land Acquisition Strategy Next Steps





- Take back any comments/questions received from Committee of the Whole,
 Working Session, prepare draft report.
- 2) Review report with Steering Committee and finalize.
- 3) Finalize report, and present final recommendations to Council in Q4 2019.



